

● TRIGONOMETRY-03

VALUES OF TRIGONOMETRIC RATIO IN DIFFERENT QUADRANTS

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 Rankers Gurukul

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TRIGONOMETRY (Practice Sheet – 3)

Basic Questions Based on Values of Trigonometric Ratio in Different Quadrants

- If $\cos x = -\frac{3}{5}$, x lies in the third quadrant, find the values of other five trigonometric functions.
- If $\cos x = -\frac{5}{12}$, x lies in the second quadrant, find the values of other five trigonometric functions.
- The value of $\sin 960^\circ \cos 330^\circ + \cos 120^\circ \sin 150^\circ$ is :
(a) -1 (b) 1
(c) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$ (d) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$
- Find the value of $\sin \frac{31\pi}{3}$.
(a) 1 (b) $\frac{1}{2}$
(c) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$ (d) 0
- Find the value of $\cos (-1710^\circ)$.
(a) 0 (b) 1
(c) -1 (d) $\frac{1}{2}$
- Solve $\tan \frac{13\pi}{12}$.
(a) $2 + \sqrt{3}$ (b) $2 - \sqrt{3}$
(c) $\sqrt{3}$ (d) $\sqrt{3} + 1$
- Find $3\sin \frac{\pi}{6} \sec^2 \frac{\pi}{3} - 4\sin \frac{5\pi}{6} \cot \frac{\pi}{4}$?
(a) 1 (b) 0
(c) -1 (d) 2
- Find $\sin^2 \frac{\pi}{3} + \cos^2 \frac{\pi}{4} = ?$
(a) $\frac{1}{2}$ (b) $-\frac{1}{2}$
(c) 1 (d) -1
- Find $2\sin^2 \frac{3\pi}{4} + 2\cos^2 \frac{\pi}{4} + 2\cos^2 \frac{\pi}{3} = ?$
(a) 4 (b) 5
(c) 10 (d) 6
- Find $2\sin^2 \frac{\pi}{6} + \operatorname{cosec}^2 \frac{7\pi}{6} \cos^2 \frac{\pi}{3} = ?$
(a) 1 (b) $\frac{1}{2}$
(c) $-\frac{1}{2}$ (d) $\frac{3}{2}$
- Find $\cot^2 \frac{\pi}{6} + \operatorname{cosec}^2 \frac{5\pi}{6} + 3\tan^2 \frac{\pi}{6} = ?$
(a) 6 (b) 4
(c) 5 (d) 3
- Find $\frac{\cos(\pi + x)\cos(-x)}{\sin(\pi - x)\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + x\right)} = ?$
(a) $\sin^2 x$ (b) $\tan^2 x$
(c) $-\cot^2 x$ (d) $\cot^2 x$
- $\sin 15^\circ + \cos 105^\circ =$
(a) 0 (b) $2 \sin 15^\circ$
(c) $\cos 15^\circ + \sin 15^\circ$ (d) $2 \cos 15^\circ$
- $\cos 25^\circ + \cos 5^\circ + \cos 175^\circ + \cos 205^\circ + \cos 300^\circ = ?$
(a) $\frac{1}{2}$ (b) $-\frac{1}{2}$
(c) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$ (d) 1

15.
$$\frac{\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - 3A\right) - \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + A\right)}{\cos A + \cos(\pi + 3A)} = ?$$

- (a) $\tan 2A$ (b) $\cot A$
(c) $\tan 2A$ (d) $\cot 2A$

16. If ABCD is a cyclic quadrilateral then $\cos A + \cos B + \cos C + \cos D = ?$
(a) $2(\cos A + \cos C)$ (b) $2(\cos D + \cos B)$
(c) $2(\sin A + \sin C)$ (d) 0

17. $\tan \theta \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + \theta\right) \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - \theta\right) = ?$

- (a) 1 (b) 0
(c) $\cos \theta$ (d) $\sin^2 \theta$

18. $\tan A + \tan(180^\circ + A) + \cot(90^\circ + A) + \cot(360^\circ - A) = ?$

- (a) 0
(b) $2 \tan A$
(c) $2 \cot A$
(d) $\tan A - \cot A$

19. $\cot \frac{\pi}{7} + \cot \frac{2\pi}{7} + \cot \frac{3\pi}{7} + \dots + \cot \frac{6\pi}{7} = ?$

- (a) 0 (b) 1
(c) -1 (d) 2

20. $\sin^2 \frac{\pi}{8} + \sin^2 \frac{3\pi}{8} + \sin^2 \frac{5\pi}{8} + \sin^2 \frac{7\pi}{8} = ?$

- (a) $\frac{1}{2}$ (b) 2
(c) $\frac{3}{2}$ (d) $\frac{3}{4}$

21. What is the value of $\frac{4}{3} \cot^2 \frac{\pi}{6} + 3 \cos^2 150^\circ$

$- 4 \operatorname{cosec}^2 45^\circ + 8 \sin \frac{\pi}{2} ?$

- (a) $\frac{25}{4}$ (b) 1
(c) $-\frac{7}{2}$ (d) $\frac{13}{2}$

22. What is the value of

$$\frac{[4 \cos(90 - A) \sin^3(90 + A)] - [4 \sin(90 + A) \cos^3(90 - A)]}{\cos\left(\frac{180 + 8A}{2}\right)}$$

- (a) 1 (b) -1
(c) 0 (d) 2

23. What is the value of

$$\tan\left(\frac{\pi}{4} + A\right) \times \tan\left(\frac{3\pi}{4} + A\right) ?$$

- (a) 0 (b) 1
(c) $\frac{\cot A}{2}$ (d) -1

24. What is the value of $\sin(630^\circ + A) + \cos A ?$

- (a) $\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}$ (b) $\frac{1}{2}$
(c) 0 (d) $2\sqrt{3}$

25. What is the value of $\cos(90 - B) \sin(C - A) + \sin(90 + A) \cos(B + C) - \sin(90 - C) \cos(A + B) ?$

- (a) 1 (b) $\sin(A + B - C)$
(c) $\cos(B + C - A)$ (d) 0

26. If $\cos x = -\frac{1}{2}$ and $\pi < x < \frac{3\pi}{2}$, then the value of $2 \tan^2 x - 3 \operatorname{cosec}^2 x$ is :

SSC CHSL 8 July 2019 (Morning)

- (a) 2 (b) 10
(c) 8 (d) 4

27. If $\cos x = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$ and $\pi < x < \frac{3\pi}{2}$, then the value of $2 \cot^2 x + 3 \sec^2 x$ is :

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- (a) 10 (b) 4
(c) 8 (d) 16

28. Find x if $\cos x = -\frac{1}{2}$.

SSC CHSL 15/10/2020 (Evening)

- (a) $\frac{3\pi}{2}$ (b) $\frac{2\pi}{3}$
(c) $\frac{5\pi}{2}$ (d) $\frac{4\pi}{3}$

ANSWER KEY

1. (*)	2. (*)	3.(a)	4.(c)	5.(a)	6.(b)	7.(a)	8.(b)	9.(c)	10.(d)
11.(a)	12.(d)	13.(a)	14.(a)	15.(b)	16.(d)	17.(d)	18.(d)	19.(a)	20.(b)
21.(a)	22.(b)	23.(d)	24.(c)	25.(d)	26. (a)	27. (a)	28. (b)		

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