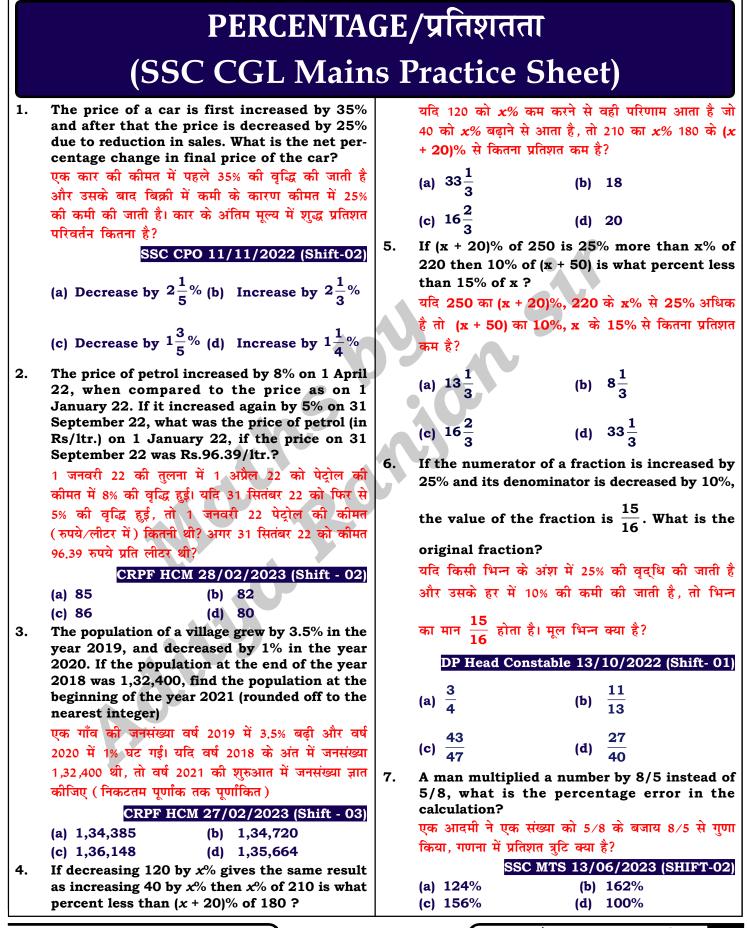


Percentage



Aditya Ranjan (Excise Inspector)

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Join	Telegram- Maths by Aditya Ranjan		Percentage
8.	With reference to a number greater than one, the difference between itself and its reciprocal is 25% of the sum of itself and its reciprocal. By how much percentage (correct one decimal place) is the fourth power of the number greater than its square? एक से बड़ी संख्या के संदर्भ में स्वयं और उसके व्युत्क्रम के बीच का अंतर स्वयं ओर उसके व्युत्क्रम के योग का 25% है। संख्या का चौथा घात उसके वर्ग से कितने प्रतिशत अधिक है?	12.	In an election between two candidates, 85% of the voters cast their votes, out which 4% of the votes were declared invalid. A candi- date got 6936 votes which were 85% of the valid votes. Find the total number of voters enrolled in that election. दो उम्मीदवारों के बीच एक चुनाव में, 85% मतदाताओं ने अपने वोट डाले, जिसमें से 4% मत अवैध घोषित कर दिए गए। एक उम्मीदवार को 6936 मत मिले जो वैध मतों का 85% था। उस चुनाव में नामांकित मतदाताओं की कुल संख्या ज्ञात कीजिए।
	(a) 64.5 (b) 62.5		SSC CPO 11/11/2022 (Shift-03)
	(c) 66.7 (d) 57.8		(a) 10,500 (b) 10,800
9.	A, B and C are three positive numbers such		(c) 10,000 (d) 10,700
	that the average of three-fifth of A and 30% of B is 13.5, and the average of $3/8$ times of B and 25% of C is 15. If A is equal to $5/12$	13.	
	time of C, then the sum of all three numbers		एक कुर्सी का अंकित मूल्य रु. 1,000 था लेकिन इसे रु.
	A, B, and C is:		1,200 में बेचा गया। उत्पाद पर प्रतिशत वृद्धि क्या है?
	A, B और C तीन धनात्मक संख्याएं हैं, जैसे कि A के		SSC CPO 11/11/2022 (Shift-02)
	तीन- पांचवें और B के 30% का औसत 13.5 है, और B		(a) 10% (b) 15%
	के 3/8 गुना और C के 25% का औसत 15 है। यदि A,		(c) 35% (d) 20%
	C के 5/12 गुना के बराबर है, तो A, B और C तीनों संख्याओं का योग है: (a) 125 (b) 135 (c) 145 (d) 120	14.	A man spends 65% of his income. His income increases by 20% and his expenditure also increases by 10%. The percentage of increase in his savings is
10.	The income of A is 20% less than the income of B and the income of C is 70% of the sum of incomes of A and B. The income of D is 25% more than the income of C. If the difference		एक व्यक्ति अपनी आय का 65% खर्च करता है। उसकी आय में 20% की वृद्धि होती है और उसके खर्च में भी 10% की वृद्धि होती है। उसकी बचत में कितने प्रतिशत की वृद्धि हुई?
	between the incomes of B and D is Rs 23000,		SSC CPO 11/11/2022 (Shift-01)
	then what is the income (in Rs) of A?		(a) 38.5% (b) 35.8%
	A की आय B की आय से 20% कम है और C की आय		(c) 10% (d) 20%
	A ओर B की आय के योगफल का 70% है। D की आय C की आय से 25% अधिक है। यदि B और D की आय के बीच अंतर रुपये 23000 है, तो A की आय (रूपये में) ज्ञात करें।	15.	the votes polled but is defeated by his only opponent by a majority of 3080 votes, because of 1400 invalid votes. The percentange of in- valid votes is
	SSC CGL 2020		एक चुनाव में, एक उम्मीदवार को डाले गए मतों का 42%
	(a) 32000 (b) 25000		प्राप्त होता है, परंतु 1400 अवैध मतों के कारण, अपने
	(c) 26000 (d) 28000		एक मात्र प्रतिद्वंदी से 3080 मतों के बहुमत से हार जाता
11.	If radius of a sphere is decreased by 48%, then by what percent does its surface area		है। अवैध मतों का प्रतशितहै।
1	decrease?		SSC CPO 10/11/2022 (Shift-01)
1	यदि किसी गोले की त्रिज्या 48% कम कर दी जाए, तो		(a) 5% (b) 3%
1	उसका पृष्ठीय क्षेत्रफल कितने प्रतिशत कम हो जाएगा?	1.	(c) 4% (d) 6%
	SSC CGL TIER - II 02/03/2023	16.	The population of a town is $1,25,000$. If the annual birth rate is 12.7% and the annual
	(a) 82.91% (b) 72.96%		death rate is 2.7%, how much will the popu-
	(c) 78.98% (d) 86.26%		lation increase after 3 years?
		I	

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Join	Telegram- Maths by Aditya Ranjan		Percentage
	एक शहर की जनसंख्या 1,25,000 है। यदि वार्षिक जन्म दर 12.7% है और वार्षिक मृत्यु दर 2.7% है, तो 3 वर्षों के बाद जनसंख्या में कितनी वृद्धि होगी? SSC CPO 09/11/2022 (Shift-03)	19.	Meena scores 40% in an examination and after review, even though her score in increased by 50%, she fails by 35 marks. If her post- review score is increased by 20%, she will have
	(a) 43,285 (b) 41,375		7 marks more than the passing score. The percentage score needed for passing the
	(c) 42,565 (d) 40,275		examination is : मीना ने किसी परीक्षा में 40% अंक प्राप्त किये और समीक्षा
17.	$\frac{2}{3}$ of the population of village is men and the		के बाद हालांकि उसके अंकों में 50% की वृद्धि हुई परंतु
	rest are women. 80% of men and 70% of women are educated. 40% of educated men		वह 35 अंकों से अनुत्तीर्ण हो गई। यदि समीक्षा के बाद उसके अंकों में 20% की वृद्धि कर दी जाए तो उसके अंक
	and 30% of the educated women are graduate. 20% of graduate men and 25% of the graduate		उत्तीर्णांक से 7 अंक अधिक हो जाएंगे। परीक्षा को पास
	women are government employees. Find the percentage (approx.) of government employees		करने के लिए आवश्यक उत्तीर्ण प्रतिशत ज्ञात कीजिए। (a) 75 (b) 80
	in the village.	20.	(c) 60 (d) 70 A student scores 20% marks and fails by 40
	किसी गांव की जनंसख्या का $\frac{2}{3}$ पुरुष है और शेष महिला		marks while another student who scores 32% marks, gets 47 marks more than the minimum
	है। 80% पुरुष और 70% महिला शिक्षित है। 40% शिक्षित पुरुष और 30% शिक्षित महिला स्नातक है। 20% स्नातक		required pass marks. What are the maximum marks for the examination?
	पुरुष और 25% स्नातक महिला सरकारी कर्मचारी हैं तो		एक छात्र 20% अंक प्राप्त करता है और 40 अंकों से अनुत्तीर्ण हो जाता है जबकि एक अन्य छात्र जो 32% अंक प्राप्त करता
	गांव में सरकारी कर्मचारियों का प्रतिशत है (लगभग)- (a) 3% (b) 6%		है, न्यूनतम आवश्यक उत्तीर्ण अंकों से 47 अंक अधिक प्राप्त
18.	 (c) 8% (d) 1% 80% of the total students admitted in a college 		करता है। परीक्षा के लिए अधिकतम अंक क्या हैं? CRPF HCM 26/02/2023 (Shift - 02)
	scored more than 85% marks in class 10th	Y	(a) 600 (b) 750
	exams and 45% of these students scored more than 90%. If 16 students admitted in the	21.	(c) 650 (d) 725 Rajiv scored 20 percent marks in an exam and
	college scored less than 75% in Class 10th and the number of students who scored between		failed by 25 marks. If he scores 50 percent marks, then he gets 20 marks more than passing
	75% and 85% (both percentages included) is one-fifth of the number of students who scored		marks. What is the passing marks for the exam? राजीव ने एक परीक्षा में 20 प्रतिशत अंक प्राप्त किए और 25
	more than 85%, how many students in the		राजाय ने एक पराक्षा ने 20 प्राराशी जक प्राया किए जार 25 अंकों से अनुत्तीर्ण हो गया। यदि वह 50 प्रतिशत अंक प्राप्त
	college scored more than 90%?		करता, तो उत्तीर्ण अंकों से 20 अंक अधिक प्राप्त होते। परीक्षा
	एक कॉलेज में दाखिल कुल विद्यार्थियों के 80% विद्यार्थियों ने कक्षा 10 की परीक्षा में 85% से अधिक अंक अर्जित		में उत्तीर्ण होने के लिए कितने अंक आवश्यक है? SSC CHSL 14/03/2023 (Shift-01)
	न कहा 10 का पराक्षा में 85% से आवक अक आजत किये तथा इन विद्यार्थियों के 45% विद्यार्थियों ने 90%		(a) 40 (b) 35
	से अधिक अंक अर्जित किये। यदि कॉलेज में दाखिल	00	(c) 55 (d) 45
	16 विद्यार्थियों ने कक्षा 10 की परीक्षा में 75% से कम	22.	If the price of rice is raised by 28%, then by how much percent should a person reduce his
	अंक अर्जित किये तथा 75% तथा 85% के बीच (दोनों		consumption of rice, so that his expenditure
	प्रतिशत को शामिल करते हुए) अंक अर्जित करने वाले विद्यार्थियों की संख्या 85% से अधिक अंक अर्जित करने		remains the same?
	विद्यार्थियों को संख्या 85% स आधक अक आजत करन वाले विद्यार्थियों की संख्या का 1/5 गुना है, तो कॉलेज		यदि चावल की कीमत में 28% की वृद्धि की जाती है, तो एक व्यक्ति को चावल की खपत में कितने प्रतिशत की कमी
	में कितने प्रतिशत विद्यार्थियों ने 90% से अधिक अंक		एक व्याक्त का चावल का खपत में कोई परिवर्तन नहीं हो? करनी चाहिए, ताकि उसके व्यय में कोई परिवर्तन नहीं हो?
	अर्जित किये ?		DP Head Constable 18/10/2022 (Shift - 01)
	(a) 352 students (b) 117 students		(a) 22.875% (b) 21.875%
	(c) 144 students (d) 224 students		(c) 24.875% (d) 23.875%
Adity	a Ranjan (Excise Inspector)		Selected & Selection दिलाएंगे 3

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23. When the price of rice increases by 25%, a person increases his expenditure on rice only by 15%. By what percentage should he reduce his consumption of rice so as to be able to maintain the same level of expenditure? जब चावल की कीमत में 25% की वृद्धि होती है, तो एक व्यक्ति चावल पर अपने व्यय में केवल 15% की वृद्धि करता है। खर्च के समान स्तर को बनाए रखने में सक्षम होने के लिए उसे चावल की खपत में कितने प्रतिशत की कमी करनी चाहिए?

SSC Phase- IX 2022

- (a) 8%
- (c) 9% (d) 7%
- 24. The price of an article increase by 20% every year. If rthe difference between the prices at the end of the third and fourth years is ₹ 259.20, then 40% of the price (in ₹) at the end of the second year is :

एक वस्तु की कीमत हर वर्ष 20% बढ़ जाती है। यदि तीसरे और चौथे वर्ष की कीमतों में ₹ 259.20 का अंतर है, तो दूसरे वर्ष के अंत में इसकी कीमत का 40% होगा (₹ में) :

(b) 5%

- (a) 484 (b) 432
- (c) 384 (d) 472
- 25. Raja gives 30% of his salary to his mother, 40% of the remaining salary he invests in an insurance scheme and PPF in the ratio of 4 : 3 and the remaining he keeps in his bank account. If the difference between the amount he gives to his mother and that he invests in insurance scheme is ₹ 8400, how much is Raja's salary?

राजा ने अपने वेतन का 30% अपनी माँ को दे दिया। शेष राशि का 40% उसने एक बीमा योजना तथा पीपीएफ में 4:3 के अनुपात में निवेश कर दिए तथा शेष धनराशि बैंक खाते में जमा करा दिए। यदि उसके द्वारा माँ को दी गई धनराशि तथा बीमा योजना में निवेशित धनराशि का अन्तर ₹ 8400 हो तो राजा का वेतन कितना था?

- (a) Rs.60000 (b) Rs.62000
- (c) Rs.65000 (d) Rs.54000
- 26. There are 2800 students in a school, out of which 75% participate in a sports competition. Out of those who participate, 60% are boys. 35% of the boys and 25% of the girls qualify for the final round of the competition. What percentage of the students will participate in the final round?

एक स्कूल में 2800 छात्र हैं, जिनमें से 75% एक खेल प्रतियोगिता में भाग लेते हैं। भाग लेने वालों में से 60% लड़के हैं। 35% लड़के और 25% लड़कियां प्रतियोगिता के अंतिम दौर के लिए अर्हता प्राप्त करते हैं। फाइनल राउंड में कितने प्रतिशत छात्र भाग लेंगे?

CRPF HCM 11/03/2023 (Shift - 01)

(a) $22\frac{1}{2}\%$ (b) $21\frac{3}{4}\%$

(c) $20\frac{1}{3}\%$ (d) $23\frac{1}{4}\%$

- 27. The monthly salaries of A and B are the same. A, B and C donate 10%, 8% and 9% respectively, of their monthly salaries to a charitable trust. The difference between the donation of A and B is 400. The total donation of A and B is 900 more than that of C. What is the monthly salary of C?
 - A और B का मासिक वेतन समान है। A, B और C अपने मासिक वेतन का 10%, 8% और 9%, एक धर्मार्थ ट्रस्ट को दान करते हैं। A और B के दान के बीच का अंतर 400 है। A और B का कुल दान C की तुलना में 900 अधिक है। C का मासिक वेतन क्या है?
 - (a) Rs.25,000 (b) Rs.36,000
 - (c) Rs.30,000 (d) Rs.27,000
- 28. In a constituency, 55% of the total number of voters are males and the rest are females. If 40% of the males are illiterate and 40% of the females are literate, then by what percent is the number of literate males more than that of illiterate females?

एक निर्वाचन क्षेत्र में कुल मतदाताओं में से 55% पुरुष हैं तथा शेष महिलाएँ हैं। यदि 40% पुरुष अशिक्षित हैं तथा 40% महिलाएँ शिक्षित हैं, तो शिक्षित पुरुषों की संख्या अशिक्षित महिलाओं की संख्या से कितना प्रतिशत अधिक है?

- (a) $22\frac{8}{11}\%$ (b) $18\frac{2}{9}\%$ (c) $22\frac{2}{9}\%$ (d) $18\frac{2}{11}\%$
- 29. The price of an article X increases by 20% every year and price of article Y increases by 10% every year. In the year 2010, the price of article X was Rs.5000 and price of article Y was Rs.2000. In which year the difference in their prices exceeded Rs.5000 for the first time?

एक वस्तु X की कीमत हर साल 20% बढ़ जाती है और वस्तु Y की कीमत हर साल 10% बढ़ जाती है। वर्ष 2010 में, वस्तु X की कीमत 5000 रुपये और वस्तु Y की कीमत 2000 रुपये थी। किस वर्ष इनकी कीमतों में अंतर पहली बार 5000 रुपये से अधिक हुआ?

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(a) 2012(b) 2013(c) 2014(d) 2015

Aditya Ranjan (Excise Inspector)

Percentage 30. If each side of a rectangle is decreased by 11%, दो उम्मीदवारों के बीच चुनाव में, पंजीकृत मतदाताओं में से then its area will decrease by: 20% ने अपना मत नहीं दिया और 40 मत अवैध घोषित कर यदि किसी आयत की प्रत्येक भुजा में 11% की कमी हो, तो दिए गए। विजेता को पंजीकृत मतों का 42% प्राप्त हुआ और इसके क्षेत्रफल में हुई कमी ज्ञात करें। उसे 112 मतों से विजेता घोषित किया गया। पंजीकृत मतदाताओं SSC CPO 23/11/2020 (Shift-1) की संख्या कितनी थी? (b) 25% (a) 24.31% **SSC CHSL TIER II 26/06/2023** (c) 21.13% (d) 20.79% (b) 1500 (a) 1200 31. In an election between two candidates, 12% of the voters in thevoters' list did not cast their (c) 1800 (d) 3800 votes and 5% of the votes polled were declared 35. A, B and C contested an election. All the votes invalid. The winning candidate got 58% valid polled were valid. A got 38% of the total votes. votes and won by a majority of 6,688 votes. For every 45 votes polled, B got 18 votes. The The number of voters in the voters' list was: winner got 5,760 more votes than the person दो उम्मीदवारों के बीच एक चुनाव में, मतदाता सुची में 12% who received the least number of votes. The मतदाताओं ने अपना वोट नहीं डाला और डाले गए 5% वोट total number of votes polled was: अवैध घोषित कर दिए गए। विजयी उम्मीदवार को 58% वैध वोट A, B और C ने एक चुनाव में भाग लिया। डाले गए सभी मिले और वह 6,668 वोटों के बहुमत से जीत गया। मतदाता मत वैध थे। A को कुल मतों के 38% मत प्राप्त हुए। सूची में मतदाताओं की संख्या थी: प्रत्येक 45 मतों के लिए, B को 18 मत प्राप्त हुए। विजेता ICAR Mains, 07/07/2023 (Shift-1) को सबसे कम मत प्राप्त करने वाले व्यक्ति से 5760 अधि (a) 50,000 (b) 55,000 क मत प्राप्त हुए। डाले गए मतों की कुल संख्या क्या थी? (c) 48,000 (d) 45,000 32. If Ram's income exceeds Shyam's income by (a) 37,200 (b) 38,400 70% and Shyam's income is less than Sohan's (c) 36,000 (d) 32,000 income by 30%, then find the ratio of the incomes of Ram and Sohan. **36.** During the first year, the population of a town यदि राम की आय श्याम की आय से 70% अधिक है और increases by 8% and in the second year it श्याम की आय सोहन की आय से 30% कम है, तो राम diminishes by 6%. At the end of the second और सोहन की आय का अनुपात ज्ञात कीजिए। year, its population was 88,830. What was the population at the beginning of the first year? SSC CPO 10/11/2022 (Shift-01) प्रथम वर्ष के दौरान, एक कस्बे की जनसंख्या में 8% की वृद्धि (a) 119:100 (b) 121:102 होती है और दुसरे वर्ष में यह 6% कम होती है। दुसरे वर्ष के (c) 120 : 101 (d) 118:99 अंत में, इसकी जनसंख्या 88,830 थी। प्रथम वर्ष की शुरूआत 33. The salary of an employee was first increased में इसकी जनसंख्या कितनी थी? by 15% and thereafter it was reduced by 10%. What was the percentage change in his sal-ICAR Mains, 08/07/2023 (Shift-2) arv? (a) 89,000 (b) 87,500 एक कर्मचारी के वेतन में पहले 15% की वृद्धि की गई (d) 82,000 और उसके बाद इसे 10% कम किया गया। उसके वेतन में (c) 85,500 कितने प्रतिशत परिवर्तन हुआ? 37. The cost of an item increases successively by 20% and 30% and then decreases by 38%. If SSC CPO 11/11/2022 (Shift-03) its final cost is ₹483.60, then its initial cost is: (a) 1.10% (b) 103.5% एक वस्तु की लागत मूल्य क्रमिक रूप से 20% और 30% बढ़ (c) 3.5% (d) 15% जाती है और फिर 38% घट जाती है। यदि इसकी अंतिम लागत 34. In an election between two candidates, 20% 483.60 रुपये है, तो इसकी प्रारंभिक लागत मूल्य है: of the registered voters did not cast their votes CRPF HCM 22/02/2023 (Shift - 02) and 40 votes were declared invalid. The winner received 42% of the registered votes and was (a) ₹480 (b) ₹500 declared the winner by 112 votes. What was (c) ₹520 (d) ₹600 the number of registered voters? Aditya Ranjan (Excise Inspector) Selected है Selection दिलाएंगे 5

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 her savings increase by 10.5%, then the percentage increase in hor income is: with and area and a strat strate increase is hor income of a sin server increased is an area is and a strate increase is an area increased by 13.5% of the valid to state increased by 13.5% of the sin server increased by 13.5% of the sin server increased by 20%, then by what per cend does the grant and a strate increased by 20%, then by what per cend does the server in an area strate increased by 20%, then by what per cend does the server increased by 20%, then by what per cend does the server in an area increased by 13.5% of the sin server increased by 20%. The increased by 20%, then by what per cend does the server increased by 20% and and increased by 20% and and increased by 20%. The increased by 20% and and increased by 20% and the server increased in an area increased by 20% and and increased by 20% and the server increased by 20% and and increased by 20%. The increased increased by 20% and the server increased by 20% and the server increased by 20%. The increased by 20% and the server increased by 20% and the server increased by 20% and the server increased by 20%. The increased by 20% and the server increased by 20% and the server increased by 20%. The server increased by 20% and the server in an area in and in a server increased by 18% so be increased by 20%. If is a server in anary was \$1,32,500 (b) 33,125 (c) 23,850 (c) 13,93,750 (c) 23,850 (c) 13,33,125 (c) 26,936 (c) 13,93,750 (c) 23,850 (c) 13,93,750 (c) 23,850 (c)	Join Telegram- Maths by Aditya Ranjan	Percentage
 आप तो आय तियाद की आय ते। आप तो आय ते आय की आय की से अक्ष की की है और उनकी बचत 3: 2 के अनुपात में है। यदि उनमें से प्रलेक ने 6,000 रुपये खर्च किए, तो अनय और विजय की आय का यो जा ता कॉर्जिय? (a) 59,000 (b) 59,300 (c) 59,300 (c) 59,300 (c) 59,300 (c) 59,300 (c) 59,200 40. In an election between two candidates, 3% did not cast their votes and 5% votes polled were declared invalid. The winning candidate got 54% of the valid votes and won by a majority of 11058 votes. Find the number of voters who did not cast their votes. dì उम्मीवयारों के बीच एक चुनाव में, 3% ने अपने वोट नही जाते और दाले पए 58, तोर्ट की अम्पन चीप्ति कर दिया पया। विजयी प्रत्याप्ती को वेय पतों का 54% प्रार्व हुआ जे. (c) 4500 (b) 4750 (c) 4950 (d) 4860 41. Raju saves 15% of his income. His salary was increased by 18% so he increased his savings by 20%. If his expenditure after an increase in salary was ₹1,32,500, find his savings (in 7) before the increase in salary. (c) 4500 (b) 3750 (c) 4950 (d) 64425 41. Raju saves 15% of his income. His salary was increase in salary was ₹1,32,500, find his savings (in 7) before the increase at rate at 1,32,500, find his savings (in 7) dia fit a figat at at a at a tax, was ₹1,32,500, find his savings (in 7) before the increase at nary. (a) 26,500 (b) 33,125 (c) 23,850 (d) 19,875 42. The salary of A on 1.1.22 is ₹1,52,400 per month. It increased by 23% in March, reduced by 5% in August and again increased by 10% in November. What will be his salary (in 7) arter the third change? (rounded of for the nearest (a) 26,500 (b) 33,125 (c) 23,850 (c) 19,875 43. The salary of A on 1.1.22 is ₹1,52,400 per month. It increase by 5,520 	her savings increase by 25% and expenditure increases by 10.5%, then the percentage increase in her income is: रूपा की बचत उसके व्यय का 16% है। यदि उसकी बचत में 25% की वृद्धि होती है और व्यय में 10.5% की वृद्धि होती है, तो उसकी आय में प्रतिशत वृद्धि है: CRPF HCM 22/02/2023 (Shift - 02) (a) 14.5% (b) 14% (c) 12%(a) 14.5% (b) 14% (c) 12%(b) 14% (c) 12%(c) 12%(d) 12.5%39. The income of Ajay is 38% more than that of Vijay and their savings are in the ratio of 3:2. If each of them spent ₹6,000, find the sum of	CRPF HCM 23/02/2023 (Shift - 03) (a) 171998.64 (b) 171998.65 (c) 181978.66 (d) 171988.62 43. The price of rice increases from Rs.45 per kg to Rs.63 per kg. If its consumption is reduced by 20%, then by what per cen does the expenditure on it increase? चावल की कीमत 45 रुपये प्रति किलो से बढ़कर 63 रुपये प्रति
 declared invalid. The winning candidate got 54% of the valid votes and won by a majority of 11058 votes. Find the number of voters who did not cast their votes. à Jufiqenti à algu एक चुनाव में, 3% ने अपने वोट नहीं हो को में 1058 votes. Find the number of voters who did not cast their votes. à Jufiqenti à algu एक चुनाव में, 3% ने अपने वोट नहीं हो लोग पावा बिजयी प्रत्याशी को वेध एक घुनाव में, 3% ने अपने वोट नहीं हो लोग पावा बिजयी प्रत्याशी को वेध पक चुनाव में, 3% ने अपने वोट नहीं हो हो तो का statist and state and industry and good (a) 44500 (a) 5050 (b) 3750 (c) 4500 (d) 4125 41. Raju saves 15% of his income. His salary was increased by 18% so he increased his savings by 20%. If his expenditure after an increase in salary was f1,32,500, find his savings (it 7) before the increase in salary. trig अपनी आय का 15% वर्चाता है। उसके वेतन में 18% की वृद्धि हुं प्रतिप्त 24/02/2023 (Shift-03) (a) 67.4% (b) 72.5% (c) 69.8% (d) 64.2% (b) 72.5% (c) 69.8% (d) 64.2% (b) 72.5% (c) 65.500 (b) 33,125 (c) 23,850 (d) 19,875 42. The salary of A on 1.1.22 is 71,52,400 per month. It increased by 8% in March, reduced by 5% in August and again increased by 10% in November. What will be his salary (in 7) area the fact at alga at a trid again increased by 10% in November. What will be his salary (in 7) area the bis salary (in 7) area the bis	अजय की आय विजय की आय से 38% अधिक है और उनकी बचत 3: 2 के अनुपात में है। यदि उनमें से प्रत्येक ने 6,000 रुपये खर्च किए, तो अजय और विजय की आय का योग ज्ञात कीजिए?CRPF HCM 23/02/2023 (Shift - 02) (a) 59,000 (b) 59,300 (c) 59,500(a) In an election between two candidates, 3% did	 जाए, तो इस पर होने वाले व्यय में कितने प्रतिशत की वृद्धि होगी? CRPF HCM 24/02/2023 (Shift - 01) (a) 10% (b) 12% (c) 15% (d) 15% 44. In a town, the population was 9000. In 1 year, the male population increased by 10% and the female population increased by 10% and the total population increased by 9%. The increased female population in the town is:
 41. Raju saves 15% of his income. His salary was increased by 18% so he increased his savings by 20%. If his expenditure after an increase in salary was ₹1,32,500, find his savings (in ₹) before the increase in salary. TIM 304 TH 314 at 15% attal at 12,32,500, find his savings (in ₹) before the increase in salary. TIM 304 TH 314 at 15% attal at 120% afl aplag afli at a for the recent age for the price of coffee increased by 35% and then decreased by 20%. If a man reduces his consumption of coffee by 4.5%, then what is the percentage change in his expenditure? CRPF HCM 23/02/2023 (Shift - 03) (a) 26,500 (b) 33,125 (c) 23,850 (d) 19,875 42. The salary of A on 1.1.22 is ₹1,52,400 per month. It increased by 8% in March, reduced by 5% in August and again increased by 10% in November. What will be his salary (in ₹) arter the third change? (rounded off to the nearest 	declared invalid. The winning candidate got 54% of the valid votes and won by a majority of 11058 votes. Find the number of voters who did not cast their votes. दो उम्मीदवारों के बीच एक चुनाव में, 3% ने अपने वोट नहीं डाले और डाले गए 5% वोटों को अमान्य घोषित कर दिया गया। विजयी प्रत्याशी को वैध मतों का 54% प्राप्त हुआ और वह 11058 मतों के बहुमत से विजयी हुआ। उन मतदाताओं की संख्या ज्ञात कीजिए जिन्होंने वोट नहीं डाला। CRPF HCM 23/02/2023 (Shift - 03) (a) 5050 (b) 3750	में 10% की वृद्धि हुई और महिला जनसंख्या में 8% की वृद्धि हुई, लेकिन कुल जनसंख्या में 9% की वृद्धि हुई। कस्बे में बढ़ी हुई महिला आबादी: <u>CRPF HCM 24/02/2023 (Shift - 02)</u> (a) 4500 (b) 4750 (c) 4950 (d) 4860 45. The ratio of the number of boys and girls in a college is 5 : 7. If 30% of the boys and 40% of the girls are scholarship holders, then the approximate percentage of the students who do not get the scholarship is:
 (c) 23,850 (d) 19,875 42. The salary of A on 1.1.22 is ₹1,52,400 per month. It increased by 8% in March, reduced by 5% in August and again increased by 10% in November. What will be his salary (in ₹) arter the third change? (rounded off to the nearest (c) 23,850 (d) 19,875 42. The salary of A on 1.1.22 is ₹1,52,400 per month. It increased by 8% in March, reduced by 5% in August and again increased by 10% (a) Decrease by 4.15% (b) Increase by 3.14% (c) Increase by 5.5% 	 41. Raju saves 15% of his income. His salary was increased by 18% so he increased his savings by 20%. If his expenditure after an increase in salary was ₹1,32,500, find his savings (in ₹) before the increase in salary. राजू अपनी आय का 15% बचाता है। उसके वेतन में 18% की वृद्धि हुई इसलिए उसने अपनी बचत में 20% की वृद्धि की। यदि वेतन में वृद्धि के बाद उसका व्यय 1,32,500 रुपये था, तो वेतन में वृद्धि से पहले उसकी बचत (रुपये में) ज्ञात कीजिए। CRPF HCM 23/02/2023 (Shift - 03) 	एक कॉलेज में लड़कों और लड़कियों की संख्या का अनुपात 5 : 7 है। यदि 30% लड़के और 40% लड़कियां छात्रवृत्ति धारक हैं, तो छात्रवृत्ति न पाने वाले छात्रों का अनुमानित प्रतिशत है: <u>CRPF HCM 24/02/2023 (Shift - 03)</u> (a) 67.4% (b) 72.5% (c) 69.8% (d) 64.2% 46. The price of coffee increased by 35% and then decreased by 20%. If a man reduces his consumption of coffee by 4.5%, then what is the percentage change in his expenditure? कॉफी की कीमत में 35% की वृद्धि हुई और फिर 20% की कमी
Aditya Ranjan (Excise Inspector) Selected है Selection दिलाएंगे 6	 (c) 23,850 (d) 19,875 42. The salary of A on 1.1.22 is ₹1,52,400 per month. It increased by 8% in March, reduced by 5% in August and again increased by 10% in November. What will be his salary (in ₹) arter the third change? (rounded off to the nearest integer) 	है, तो उसके व्यय में कितने प्रतिशत का परिवर्तन होता है? CRPF HCM 26/02/2023 (Shift - 01) (a) Decrease by 4.15% (b) Increase by 3.14% (c) Increase by 5.5% (d) Decrease by 5.2%

Join	Telegram- Maths by Aditya Ranjan	Percentage
47.	the total voters in a town did not cast their votes. Furthermore, 15% of the votes polled were declared invalid. The winning candidate got 58% of the valid votes and won by a majority of 4896 votes. The number of valid votes was: cl 3μ after a final to the total votes was: cl 3μ after a final total votes was: displayed was and won by a majority of 4896 votes. The number of valid votes was: cl 3μ after a final total votes was: displayed was and won by a majority of 4896 votes. The number of valid votes was: displayed was and won by a majority of 4896 votes. The number of valid votes was: displayed was and won by a majority of 4896 votes. The number of valid votes was: displayed was and won by a majority of 4896 votes. The number of valid votes was: displayed was and won by a majority of 4896 votes. The number of valid votes was: displayed was and won by a majority displayed was and wo	मतदान किया। एक उम्मीदवार को 25% मत प्राप्त हुए, जबवि अन्य तीन ने शेष मतों को $6:7:2$ के अनुपात में साझ किया। तीसरे स्थान पर खड़े उम्मीदवार और चौथे स्थान पर खड़े उम्मीदवार द्वारा प्राप्त मतों का अंतर 69198 के बराब है। विजयी प्रत्याशी द्वारा प्राप्त मत ज्ञात कीजिए। <u>CRPF HCM 27/02/2023 (Shift - 02</u> (a) 115330 (b) 138396 (c) 161462 (d) 156458 51. A student scored 30% marks and failed by 50 marks, while another student who scored 42% marks gets 58 marks more than the minimum required pass marks. What is the pass marks for the examination?
48.	(c) 30,600 (d) 36,000 The income of a person is Rs.50,000 and his expenditure is Rs.35,000 if his income is increased by 20% and his expenditure by 10%, then what will be the percentage increase in the savings? एक व्यक्ति की आय 50,000 रुपये है और उसका व्यय 35,000 रुपये है यदि उसकी आय में 20% और उसके व्यय में 10% की वृद्धि की जाती है, तो बचत में कितने प्रतिशत की वृद्धि होगी? CRPF HCM 26/02/2023 (Shift - 03) (a) $53\frac{2}{3}\%$ (b) $43\frac{1}{3}\%$ (c) $52\frac{1}{5}\%$ (d) $63\frac{1}{6}\%$	 न्यूनतम आवश्यक उत्तीर्ण अंकों से 58 अंक अधिक प्राप्त किए। परीक्षा के लिए उत्तीर्ण अंक क्या हैं? <u>CRPF HCM 28/02/2023 (Shift - 01</u> (a) 320 (b) 270 (c) 750 (d) 240 52. Sanny scored 50% of total marks in an examination of Engineering Service Exam and after review, an examiner increased his marks by 10%, in spite of doing this, he is failed by 35 marks. If his post review score is decreased by 20%, he requires 79 marks to pass the exam. Find the passing percentage.
49.	A person spends 20% of his salary on EMI every month, 30% on food, 20% on children's education and 10% on recreation. He deposits the remaining amount of Rs.1250 in the bank. How much total amount (in Rs.) he spends on food and children's education? the action and an another and an another action and the action and the action and action and the action and action acti	ने उसके अंकों में 10% की वृद्धि की, ऐसा करने के बावजूत वह 35 अंकों से अनुत्तीर्ण हो गया। यदि उसके पश्चात् समीक्ष प्राप्तांक 20% तक कम हो जाता है, तो उसे परीक्षा उत्तीण करने के लिए 79 अंकों की आवश्यकता होती है। उत्तीण प्रतिशत ज्ञात कीजिए। (a) 63.75% (b) 62.5% (c) 67.5% (d) 62.75% 53. Z spends $66\frac{2}{3}$ % of her income. If her income increases by x% and the expenditure increases by 10%, then her savings increases by 25% What is the value of x?
50.	(c) 4750 (d) 3125 In an election, there were four candidates and 95% of voters cast their votes. One candidate got 25% of the votes while the other three shared the remaining votes in the ratio of 6 : 7 : 2. The difference of votes secured by the candidate standing 3rd to the candidate standing 4th is equal to 69198. Find the votes secured by the winning candidate.	x% की वृद्धि होती है और व्यय में 10% की वृद्धि होती है, और उसकी बचत में 25% की वृद्धि होती है। x का मूल्य क्या है? CRPF HCM 11/03/2023 (Shift - 02) (a) 10 (b) 14

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Join Telegram- Maths by Aditya Ranjan Percentage The cost of packaging of apples is 20% of the एक शहर की जनसँख्या 312600 है। शहर में पुरुषों और 54. cost of the apples themselves. The cost of महिलाओं का अनुपात 3 : 2 है। यदि पुरुषों में से 10% apples is increased by 40% but the cost of निरक्षर और महिलाओं में 15% निरक्षर हों, तो शहर में packaging decreases by 50%, then what is the साक्षर व्यक्तियों की संख्या जात करें? percent change in the cost of packed apples, (a) 275088 (b) 255080 if the cost of packed apples is equal to the (c) 250800 (d) 268000 sum of the cost of apples and cost of packaging? 58. A person spends $31\frac{1}{4}\%$ on food. Of the पैकिंग किए गए सेबो का मूल्य, सेबो के मूल्य के 20% है। सेबो के मूल्य में 40% की वृद्धि की जाती है लेकिन पैकिंग remaining amount he spends $18\frac{2}{11}\%$ on किए गए सेबो के मूल्य में 50% की कमी कर दी जाती है। education, now whatever he is left with he यदि पैकिंग किए गए सेबो का मुल्य, सेबो के मुल्य और पैकिंग के मूल्य के योग के बराबर है, तो पैकिंग किए गए spends $33\frac{1}{2}\%$ on clothes and rest he saves, सेबों के मूल्य में आने वाला प्रतिशत परिवर्तन कितना है ? if his savings are Rs. 2400. Find his income. (b) 25% (a) 10% एक व्यक्ति $31\frac{1}{4}$ % भोजन पर खर्च करता है। बची हुई (c) 30% (d) 15% 55. In an election, 10% of the voters didn't vote राशि में से वह 18<mark>2</mark>1% शिक्षा पर खर्च करता है, अब and 80 votes were invalid. It is known that the winning candidates got 380 votes more उसके पास जो कुछ बचा है वह उसका than the other candidate and the number of 33¹% कपड़ों पर खर्च करता है और बाकी बचत करता votes received by winning candidate is 48% of the total eligible voters. Find the total है, यदि उसकी बचत 2400 है। तो उसकी आय ज्ञात कीजिए। number of eligible voters. (b) 6400 (a) 4800 एक चुनाव में, मतदाताओ के 10% ने मतदान नहीं किया (d) 7200 (c) 5600 और 80 मतों को अवैध घोषित किया गया था। यह ज्ञात 59. The price of an article x increases by 20% every year and price of article y increases है कि विजयी उम्मीदवार को अन्य उम्मीदवार से 380 मत by 10% every year. In the year 2010, the price अधिक प्राप्त हुए और विजयी उम्मीदवार द्वारा प्राप्त किए of article x was Rs.5000 and price of article yगए मतों की संख्या, कुल योग्य मतदाताओ का 48% है। was Rs. 2000. In which year the difference in योग्य मतदाताओं की कुल संख्या ज्ञात करें ? their prices exceeded Rs. 5000 for the first time? किसी वस्तु x के मूल्य में प्रत्येक वर्ष 20% की वृद्धि होती (a) 8000 (b) 5000 है और वस्तु y के मूल्य में प्रति वर्ष 10% की वृद्धि होती (c) 5550 (d) 2020 है। वर्ष 2010 में, वस्तु 🗴 का मूल्य रुपये 5000 था और 56. If the price of petrol increases by 35% and वस्तु y का मूल्य रुपये 2000 था। किस वर्ष में पहली बार Raj intends to spend only an additional 20% उनके मूल्यों का अंतर रुपये 5000 से अधिक हो गया ? on petrol, by how much % will he reduce the (a) 2012 quantity of petrol purchased (approximately)? (b) 2013 यदि पेट्रोल के मूल्य 35% की वृद्धि कर दी जाए और (c) 2014 राज केवल पेटोल पर 20% अतिरिक्त खर्च करना चाहता (d) 2015 है, तो वह पेट्रोल की मात्रा में कितने % की कमी करेगा ? 60. x, y and z are three numbers such that x is (लगभग) 30% of z and y is 40% of z. If x is p% of y, (a) 10% (b) 12% then what is the value of p? (c) 11% (d) 6.67% तीन संख्याएँ x, y और z इस प्रकार हैं कि x, y का 57. The population of a town is 312600. The ratio 30% है और y, z का 40% है। यदि x, y का p% है, तो of men and women is 3:2. If there are 10%p का मान क्या है? illiterate among men and 15% illiterate among (a) 45 (b) 55 women then how many literate persons are (c) 65 (d) 75 there in the town?

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61.	In may, John bought the same amount of rice and the same amount of wheat as he had bought in April, but spent 150 more due to price increase of rice and wheat by 20% and 12%, respectively. If John had spent 450 on rice in April, then how much did he spend on wheat in May? μ_{ξ} µre $\dot{\mu}$ जॉन $\dot{\tau}$ चावल और $\dot{\eta}$ re $\ddot{\chi}$ की उतनी ही मात्रा खरीदी जितनी कि उसने अप्रैल $\dot{\mu}$ खरीदी थी। परंतु चावल और $\dot{\eta}$ re $\ddot{\chi}$ के मूल्यों $\dot{\mu}$ क्रमश: 20% ओर 12% की वृद्धि के कारण $\vec{\tau}$ 150 अधिक खर्च किये। यदि जॉन $\dot{\tau}$ अप्रैल माह $\dot{\mu}$ चावल पर $\vec{\tau}$ 450 खर्च किये हों तो उसने मई माह $\dot{\mu}$ $\dot{\eta}$ re $\ddot{\chi}$ पर कितने $\vec{\tau}$ खर्च किये? (a) $\vec{\tau}$ 590 (b) $\vec{\tau}$ 580	start a co investme is 65%. increased respective of the co neither a invested फरहान औ कुछ धन का 35% था ज बाद, फरहा	nd Kunal invested some money to ompany and share of Farhan in the nt is 35% while the share of Kunal After one year, Farhan and Kunal I their investment by 20% and 30%, ely. At the end of second year, revenue ompany is Rs. 12,650 and there is ny profit nor loss. Find the amount by Farhan initially. t कुणाल ने एक कंपनी शुरू करने के लिए I निवेश किया और निवेश में फरहान का हिस्सा बकि कुणाल का हिस्सा 65% था। एक साल न और कुणाल ने क्रमश: 20% और 30% से
62.	 (c) ₹ 560 (d) ₹ 570 The cost of an apple is twice that of a banana and the cost a banana is 25% less than that of a guava. If the cost of each type of fruit increases by 10%, then the percentage increase in the cost of 4 bananas, 2 apples and 3 guavas is : एक सेब की कीमत एक केले की तुलना में दोगुनी है और एक केले की कीमत एक अमरूद की तुलना में 25% कम है। यदि प्रत्येक प्रकार के फल की लागत में 10% की वृद्धि होती है, तो 4 केले, 2 सेब और 3 अमरूद की लागत में प्रतिशत वृद्धि है: (a) 10% (b) 12% (c) 16% (d) 18% One day Mohan thought to denote 25% of his 	राजस्व 12, और न ही की गई राशि (a) Rs. 6, (b) Rs. 10 (c) Rs. 10 (d) Rs. 3, 55. Shamita H a fridge, H than the a to borrow her visit t	500 0,000 0,500 500 mas ₹ 27000 with her. She wants to buy but the cost of the fridge is 25% more amount she has with her, so she needs some amount to buy the fridge. Before o the shop, she travelled to her friend's
	salary to an orphanage. But at the time of visiting, he changed is mind and wished to donate 120% more than what he thought earlier. At the time of giving, he again changed his mind and finally donate 50% more than previously. If he donate the amount of ₹ 33000, find his salary. एक दिन मोहन ने अपने वेतन का 25% अनाथालय को दान करने का सोचा। लेकिन जाने के समय उसने अपना विचार बदल दिया और उसने पहले सोचा था उससे 120% अधिक दान देने की इच्छा की। देने के समय, उसने फिर से अपना विचार बदल दिया और अंत में पहले की तुलना में 50% अधिक दान दिया। यदि उसने 33000 रुपये की राशि दान की है तो उसका वेतन ज्ञात कीजिए। (a) ₹ 40000 (b) ₹ 45000 (c) ₹ 50000 (d) ₹ 48000	of the am has to boo शमिता के प है लेकिन प्रि अधिक है, उधार लेनी क के घर जाती	50 50 50
Adity	a Ranjan (Excise Inspector)	6	elected है Selection दिलाएंगे 9

Answer Key

				•		1			
1. (d)	2. (a)	3. (d)	4. (c)	5. (c)	6. (d)	7. (c)	8. (c)	9. (a)	10. (a)
11. (b)	12. (c)	13. (d)	14. (a)	15. (a)	16. (b)	17. (b)	18. (c)	19. (c)	20. (d)
21. (c)	22. (b)	23. (a)	24. (b)	25. (a)	26. (a)	27. (c)	28. (c)	29. (b)	30. (d)
31. (a)	32. (a)	33. (c)	34. (c)	35. (d)	36. (b)	37. (b)	38. (d)	39. (c)	40. (c)
41. (d)	42. (a)	43. (b)	44. (d)	45. (d)	46. (b)	47. (c)	48. (b)	49. (d)	50. (c)
51. (a)	52. (a)	53. (c)	54. (a)	55. (b)	56. (c)	57. (a)	58.(b)	59. (b)	60. (d)
61. (c)	62. (a)	63. (a)	64. (d)	65. (a)			6		

Percentage

SOLUTIONS

1. (d)

Let the price of the car = 100 After 35% increment, Price of car = 135 After 25% decrement, Price of car = 75% of 135 Net change percentage in price of the car-

$$= \frac{101.25 - 100}{100} \times 100\%$$
$$= \frac{1.25}{100} \times 100\%$$

4

Hence, Answer (d) increase by $1\frac{1}{4}\%$.

'OR'

Net change

 $= 1\frac{1}{4}\%$

 $= \left(35 - 25 - \frac{35 \times 25}{100}\right)\%$ $= \left(10 - 8\frac{3}{4}\right)\% = +1\frac{1}{4}\%$

+ sign denotes increment, Hence increase by

$$1\frac{1}{4}\%$$

2. (a)

Jan→100 April $\rightarrow 108$ 31 Sept.→113.4 ATO. $113.4 \rightarrow \text{Rs.} 96.39/\text{litre}$ $100 \rightarrow \frac{96.39}{113.4} \times 100 = \text{Rs.85/litre}$ З. (d) Old New 2019 200 207 2020 100 99 2000 20493 ATQ, $20000 \rightarrow 132400$ $20493 \rightarrow \frac{132400}{20000} \times 20493 \approx 135664$ 4. (c) ATQ, $120 - \frac{120 \times x}{100} = 40 + \frac{40 \times x}{100}$ $120 - \frac{6x}{5} = 40 + \frac{2x}{5}$ $80 = \frac{6x}{5} + \frac{2x}{5}$ $\frac{8x}{5} = 80$ x = 50then, $210 \times \frac{50}{100}$, $180 \times \frac{70}{100}$ 105 126 $\frac{21}{126} \times 100 = \frac{50}{3} = 16\frac{2}{3}\%$ 5. (c) $250 \times (x + 20) \frac{1}{100} = \left(220 \times \frac{x}{100}\right) \times \frac{5}{4}$ $\frac{5}{2} \times (x+20) = \frac{11}{5} \times x \times \frac{5}{4}$ $\frac{5}{2} \times (x+20) = \frac{11x}{4}$ $\frac{5x}{2} + 50 = \frac{11x}{4}$ $\frac{x}{4} = 50$ x = 200then, $(x + 50)10\% = 250 \times \frac{1}{10} = 25$ 15% of $x = 200 \times \frac{15}{100} = 30$ Required % = $\frac{5}{30} \times 100 = \frac{50}{3} = 16\frac{2}{3}\%$

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6. (d) Let the fraction is $\frac{x}{v}$ A.T.Q. $\Rightarrow \frac{\frac{5}{4}x}{\frac{9}{10}y} = \frac{15}{16}$ $\Rightarrow \frac{50x}{36y} = \frac{15}{16}$ $\frac{x}{v} = \frac{27}{40}$ 7. (C) Let number is 1 then. ATQ, $1 \times \frac{5}{8}, \quad 1 \times \frac{8}{5}$ 25 **Required percentage error** $\frac{39}{25} \times 100 = 156\%$ 8. (C) ATO. Let the number is x $x - \frac{1}{x} = \left(\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{x}\right)^2 25\%$ $x-\frac{1}{x}=\frac{x}{4}+\frac{1}{4x}$ $x-\frac{x}{4}=\frac{1}{x}+\frac{1}{4x}$ $\frac{3x}{4}=\frac{5}{4x}$ $x^2 = \frac{5}{2}$ $x^4 = \frac{25}{9}$ Required % = $\frac{\frac{10}{9}}{5} \times 100 = \frac{10 \times 3}{9 \times 5} \times 100$

 $=\frac{2}{3}\times 100=\frac{200}{3}=66\frac{2}{3}\%$ 9. ATQ. $A \times \frac{3}{5} + B \times \frac{3}{10} = 27$ 6A + 3B = 270....(i) $\mathbf{B} \times \frac{\mathbf{3}}{\mathbf{8}} + \mathbf{C} \times \frac{\mathbf{1}}{\mathbf{4}} = \mathbf{30}$ 3B + 2C = 240...(ii) Given that $A = \frac{5}{12} \times C$ Put the value of A in eqn. (i) $\frac{5C}{2} + 3B = 270$...(iii) Compare with the eqn. (ii) & (iii) C = 60 $\mathbf{A} = \frac{5}{12} \times 60 = 25$ B = 40 Sum of A, B & C = 25 + 60 + 40 = 125 10. (a) Let income of B is 100 A.T.Q. В С D 80 100 126 157.5 Difference between incomes of B and D =23000 $57.5 \rightarrow 23000$ $1 \rightarrow 400$ Income of $A = 80 = 80 \times 400 = Rs.32000$ 11. (b) **By successive** $-48-48+\frac{48\times48}{100}=-96+23.04=72.96\%$ 12. (c) Total Enrolled Voters = 100xVote Casted = 85xValid Vote = 96% of 85 ATO \Rightarrow 85% of (96% of 85*x*) = 6936 $\Rightarrow \frac{85}{100} \times \frac{96}{100} \times 85x = 6936$ $\Rightarrow x = \frac{6936 \times 100 \times 100}{85 \times 96 \times 85}$ $\Rightarrow x = 100$ Hence, Total Enrolled Voter = 100 × 100 = 10000

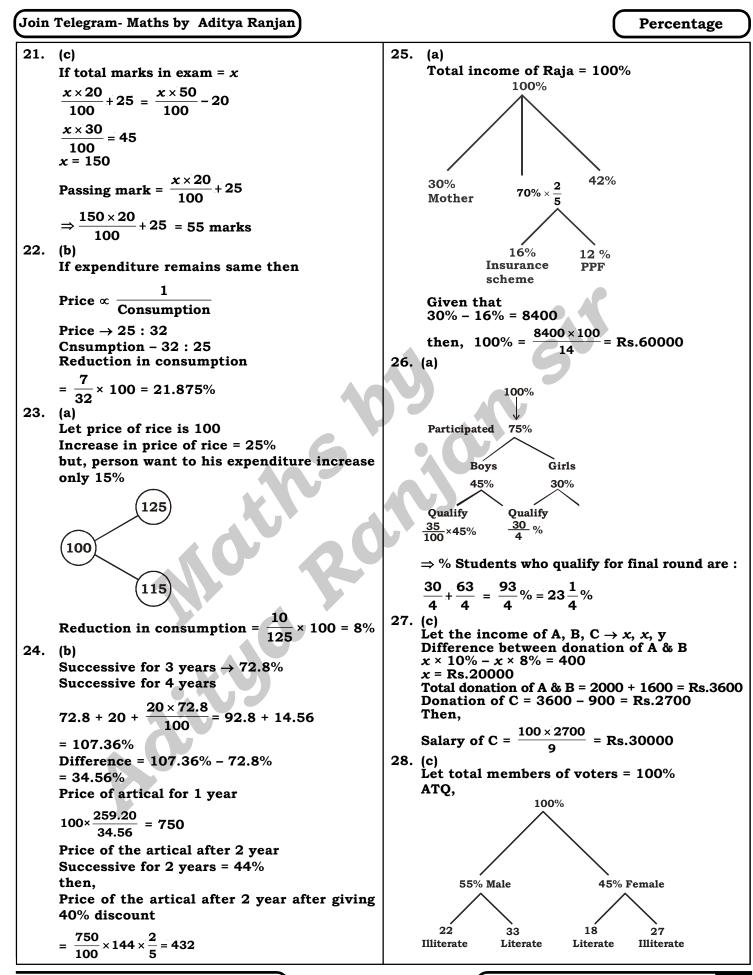
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Percentage

'OR' Let, total Enrolled Voters = 100x $\Rightarrow 100x \times \frac{85}{100} \times \frac{96}{100} \times \frac{85}{100} = 6936$ $\Rightarrow x = 100$ Hence, Total Enrolled Voter $= 100 \times 100 = 10000$ 13. (d) Marked Price = ₹ 1000 Selling Price = ₹ 1200 Percentage Increment on the product $=\frac{200}{1000}\times100\%=20\%$ 14. (a) We know 65% = $\frac{13}{20}$ Income – Expense = Saving 20 - 13 = 7 **20%**↓ **10%**↓ 24 - 14.3 = 9.7Percentage increase in saving $=\frac{2.7}{7} \times 100\% = 38.5\%$ 15. (a) Let the total polled votes = 100 Invalid Vote = 1400 Winner got majority of 3080 votes 100 Winner Losser **à**2 58 $16\% \rightarrow (3080 + 1400)$ 100% = 448000 Total votes = 28000The percentage of invalid vote $= \frac{1400}{28000} \times 100 = 5\%$ 16. (b) Annual Birth Rate = 12.7% Annual Death Rate = 2.7% Hence, Actual Growth Rate **= 12.7% - 2.7% = 10%** Population of Town After 3 years $= 125000 \times \frac{110}{100} \times \frac{110}{100} \times \frac{110}{100} = 166375$ **Increase in population** = 166375 - 125000 = 41375

17. (b) Men Women 200 100 Total – 70 Educated -160 Graduate -64 21 5.25 Government - 12.8 employees Percentage of government employees $=\frac{18.05}{200}\times100=6\%$ 18. (c) Let total students are 1000 Who scored more than 85% marks = 80% of total = 800Who scored more than 90% = 45% of 800 = 360 Who scored between 75% and 85% $=\frac{1}{5} \times 800 = 160$ Remaining students who scored less than 75% = 1000 - (800 + 160) = 40 $40 \rightarrow 16$ $1 \rightarrow \frac{10}{10}$ Students scored more than 90% $=\frac{4}{10} \times 360 = 144$ 19. (c) Total no. of marks for the exam = 100x40x $60x + 35 \longrightarrow 60x \times \frac{6}{5}$ 721 **Comparison with pass % marks** 60x + 35 = 72x - 742 = 12x $x = \frac{42}{12} \times 100 = 350$ then, required % = $\frac{210}{350} \times 100 = 60\%$ 20. (d) 20% + 40 = 32% - 47 \Rightarrow 12% = 87 $100\% = \frac{87}{12} \times 100 = 725$

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                                                                                                         Percentage
                                                              34. (c)
     Required % = \frac{33-27}{27} \times 100 = \frac{2}{9} \times 100 = 22\frac{2}{9}\%
                                                                    Total vote = 100x
                                                                    Casted vote = 100x \times 80\% = 80x
29. (b)
                                                                    Valid vote = (80x - 40)
                                                                                    (80x - 40)
             х
                                                                           Winner
                                                                                                Loser
      5 × 5 × 5 : 6 × 6 × 6 10 × 10 × 10 : 11 × 11 × 11
         125 : 216
                                     2×
                                               2×
        40×
                 40×
                                     2000
                                               2662
                                                                                            (80x - 40 - 42x)
       5000
                  8640
                                                                           42x
                                                                                                38x - 40
                                                                           42x
      Required difference in 2013 = 8640 - 2662
                                                                    42x - 38x + 40 = 112
      = 5978
                                                                    4x = 72
30. (d)
                                                                    x = 18
                                                                    Total vote = 18 \times 100 = 1800
     % Decrease in Area = -11 - 11 + \frac{11 \times 11}{100}
                                                              35. (d)
                                                                     A.T.Q.
     = -22 + 1.21
                                                                     A got 38% of total votes.
     = - 20.79%
                                                                    B got = \frac{18}{45} = 40%
31. (a)
     Total no. of voters 100%
                            100%
                                                                               B
                                                                                        С
                                                                             40% 22%
                                                                     38%
                                                                     (40\% - 22\%) = 5760
                                                                               18% = 5760
                                                                               1% = 320
                                                                     Total no. of votes polled (100%) = 32000
                                  <u>88×19</u>×
     Winner \frac{88 \times 19}{20} \times \frac{58}{100},
                                             42
                                                              36. (b)
                                            100
                                     20
                                                                   Let population for first year = x
     Difference = \frac{88 \times 19}{20} \left(\frac{16}{100}\right)\% = 6668
                                                                    \frac{108}{100} \times \frac{94}{100} = \frac{88830}{x}
     Then, total voters 100\% = \frac{6668 \times 20 \times 100 \times 100}{100}
                                                                    x = 87500
                                                               37. (b)
     = 50000
                                                                               Intial
                                                                                            Final
32.(a)
                                                                    20% 1
                                                                                   5
                                                                                            6
     Let the income of Sohan be 100.
                                                                    30% 1
                                                                                  10
                                                                                            13
                   Shyam
     Ram
                                Sohan
                                                                    38% ↓
                                                                                  50
                                                                                            31
     119 70% More 70 30% Less 100
                                                                                 2500
                                                                                            2418
     \Rightarrow Ram : Sohan = 119 : 100
                                                                    2418 \rightarrow 483.60
33. (c)
     Let the salary of the employee be 100
                                                                    2500 \rightarrow \frac{483.60 \times 2500}{2418} = 500
     Salary after increment of 15% = 115
                                                                                   2418
     Salary after decrement of 10%
     = 115 - 11.5 = 103.5
                                                              38. (d)
     : Increment Percentage
                                                                               Old New
     = \frac{3.5}{100} \times 100\% = 3.5\%
                                                                               100 110.5
                                                                      Exp.
                              'OR'
                                                                               16
                                                                                       20
                                                                    Saving
     Net Change
                                                                    Income 116 130.5
     =\left(15-10-\frac{15\times10}{100}\right)\%
                                                                    Required % = \frac{130.5 - 116}{116} \times 100 = 12.5\%
     = (15 - 10 - 1.5)\% = 3.5\%
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Join Telegram- Maths by Aditya Ranjan	Percentage
39. (c)	43. (b)
A V	Given,
A V Income 138 100	Price $45 \rightarrow 63$
	Consump. 5x 4x
Saving $(3 \ 2) \times 19$	Old New
Exp. 6000 6000	Price 5 7
Income 69 50	Consump. <u>5</u> <u>4</u>
Savings 57 38	Exp. 25 28
$12 \rightarrow 6000$	% increase = $\frac{3}{25} \times 100 = 12\%$
6000	
$119 ightarrow rac{6000}{12} imes 119 = 59500$	44. (d)
40. (c)	Total population = 9000
Let total vots be 100.	
(not cast) 100	MF
↓-3%	10 8
(Invalid) 97 $\downarrow -5\%$	
↓ − 3 %	
95	9
$97 \times \frac{95}{100}$	
Winner 🖉 🎽 Looser	
54% 46%	$1 \cdot 1$
8%	$\Rightarrow \mathbf{M} = \mathbf{F} = 4500$
ATQ,	8
	$\Rightarrow \frac{8}{100} \times 4500 = 360$
$\Rightarrow \frac{8}{100} \times 97 \times \frac{95}{100} \longrightarrow 11058$	∴ Required no. = 4500 + 360
	= 4860
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	45. (d)
41. (d)	B G
Old New	Let 500 700
Salary \rightarrow 100 118	\downarrow \downarrow \downarrow
Saving $\rightarrow 15$ 18	Scholarship Holder 150 280
Exp.→ 85 100	
ATQ.	Required % = $\frac{770}{1200} \times 100 = 64.2\%$
100 <u>→</u> 132500	
$15 \longrightarrow \frac{132500}{100} \times 15 = 19875$	46. (b)
13 × 15 - 19873	Old New
42. (a)	$I \rightarrow 20$ 27
Jan 100	$II \rightarrow 5 4$
March 108	Price 25 31
Aug 102.6	Consum 200 191
Nov 112.86	Exp. 5000 5157
ATQ,	-
100 → 152400 112.86 → 1524 × 112.86 = 171998.64	Required % = $\frac{157}{5000} \times 100 = 3.14\%$ increase.
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47. (c) (did not cost) 100 \downarrow -10% (Did not cast) 90 –15% (Invalid) Winner ^{*L*} ¹ Looser 58% 16% ATO, $\frac{16}{100} \times \frac{76.5}{100} \times \text{Total} = 4896$ $\Rightarrow Total = \frac{4896 \times 100 \times 100}{16 \times 76.5}$ = 40.000 ⇒ 76.5% = 400 × 76.5 = 30,600 48. (b) Old New Ι 5 6 10 11 E 50,000 60.000 $E = 10 \rightarrow 35,000 \quad 38,500$ Saving \rightarrow 15,000 21,500 % increase = $\frac{6500}{15000} \times 100 = 43\frac{1}{3}\%$ 49. (d) ATQ, 100% - (20 + 30 + 20 + 10) = 20% $20\% \rightarrow 1250$ $50\% \rightarrow 3125$ 50. (c) 100% - 5% = 95% В С Α 25% $\frac{6}{15} \times 75$ $\frac{7}{15} \times 75$ $\frac{2}{15} \times 75$ 25 30 35 10 ATQ, $15 \rightarrow 69198$ $35 \rightarrow \frac{69198}{15} \times 35 = 161462$ 51. (a) ATQ, 30% + 50= 42% - 58 12% = 1081% = 9 30% = 270 Passing marks = 30% + 50= 270 + 50 = 320

52. (a) Sanny scored 50% marks But examiner increased his marks by 10% $= 50\% + \frac{1}{10} \times 50\% = 55\%$ But now he fails by 35 marks. If his post review score decreased by 20% = 55% × 80% = 44% But now he fails by 79 marks A.T.Q.) Difference $11\% \rightarrow 44$ $1\% \rightarrow 4$ marks 35 marks = $\frac{35}{4}$ = 8.75% **Pass% = 55% + 8.75% = 63.75%** 53. (c) Ι E S Old 300 200 100 New 345 220 125 \Rightarrow % increase in income $\frac{45}{300} \times 100 = 15\%$ 54. (a) Let cost of Apple is 100. Packaging cost = 20% of cost of Apple = 20 Increased cost of Apple = 140 Decreased packaging cost = 10 [Cost of packed Apples = cost of Apple + packaging cost] Initial cost of packed Apples = 100 + 20 = 120 Final cost of packed Apples = 150 Percent change in cost of packed Apples $=\frac{30}{120}\times 100 = 25\%$ 55. (b) Let total votes = 100x10% voters didn't cast. Valid votes = (90x - 80)Winner Looser 48x 42x - 80 Won by \rightarrow 48x – 42x + 80 = 380 6x = 300x = 50Total votes = 100x = 5000.

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