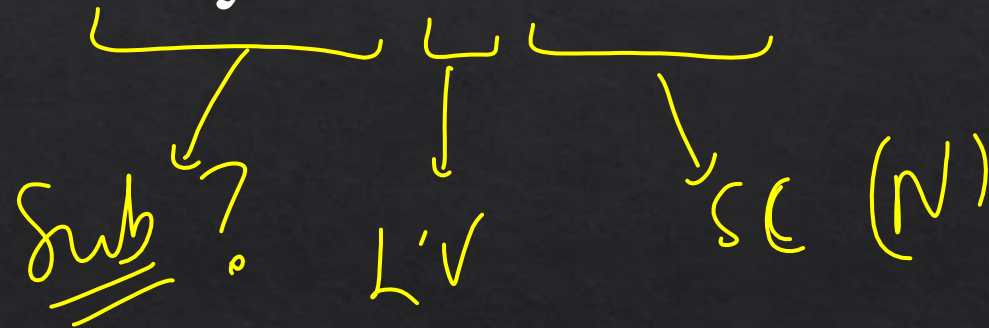


He entered the ^{om}room silently. *

Ajay visited ^{om}Delhi yesterday

Mohan reached ^{om}Delhi at 8 pm.
Transitive

Myself is Aman



X

Myself is Aman

Explanation:- Myself एक reflexive pronoun है जो एक object का काम करता है यह कभी भी subject का काम नहीं कर सकता इसीलिए हमें इस sentence को सही करने के लिए ऐसे लिखना होगा

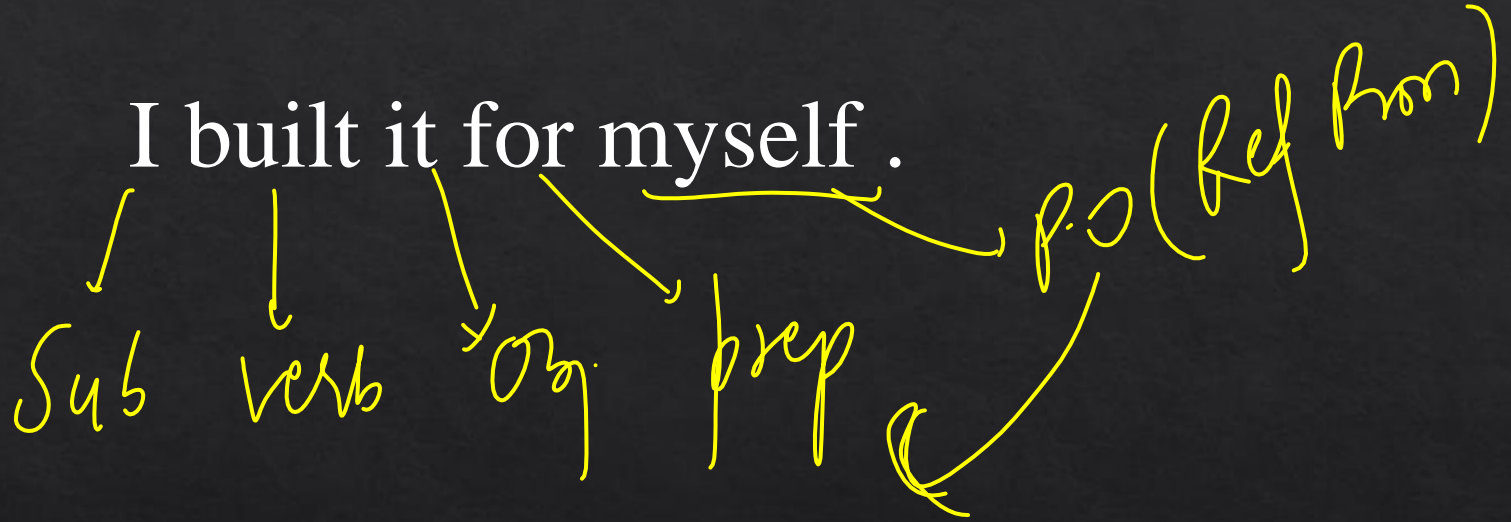
Note:- Reflexive pronoun verb का object बनता है, और preposition का object भी बन सकता है

I am Aman .
S LV SC

Or

My name is Aman
P. Adj N(Sub) LV SC(N)

I built it for myself.



Note:-



- Use reflexive pronoun after these verbs acquit, avail, reconcile, amuse, resign, avenge, exert, apply, adapt, adjust, pride, absent, enjoy etc.
- Don't use reflexive pronoun after these verbs keep, stop, turn, qualify, bathe, move, rest, hide etc.



Emphatic Pronoun:- It is used to emphasise that the action was done by the subject himself.

S V Obj → Ref Pron = (S=O)
I saw myself.

(मैंने खुद को देखा, यहाँ myself 'reflexive pronoun' है)

S V O S V Obj
I myself saw you. Or I saw you myself.

(मैंने खुद तुझे देखा, यहाँ myself 'emphatic pronoun' है)

| Subjective case | Objective case | Emphatic case |
|-----------------|----------------|---------------------|
| I | Me | Myself |
| We | Us | Ourselves |
| You | You | Yourself/Yourselves |
| He | Him | Himself |
| She | Her | Herself |
| It | It | Itself |
| They | Them | Themselves |

I visited Rohan's house.

S V Poss C of Noun Obj

(Poss Adj)

(Emp Adj)

I myself saw you.


S Emp Pron V Obj

S V Obj Emp Pron

I saw you myself.

(Adv of m)

Difference between 'Reflexive pronoun and Emphatic pronoun:-

| Emphatic pronoun:- | Reflexive pronoun |
|---|---|
| 1.Position:- Before the main verb or after the object if object contains less words.  | 1. <u>Position</u> :- <u>After the main verb.</u> |
| 2. <u>Act as adj/adv.</u> | 2. <u>Act as object(pronoun).</u> |
| 3. <u>Doer and receiver</u> are not same. | 3. <u>Doer and receiver</u> are same. |

Sub

verb

self

Noun

logical obj

Emp fro

Emp. fro

An Adj

Rohan solved himself all the questions.

Sub

Verb

(Ref fro
object)

Obj

Rohan solved/himself all the/questions. / d
a b c (ne)

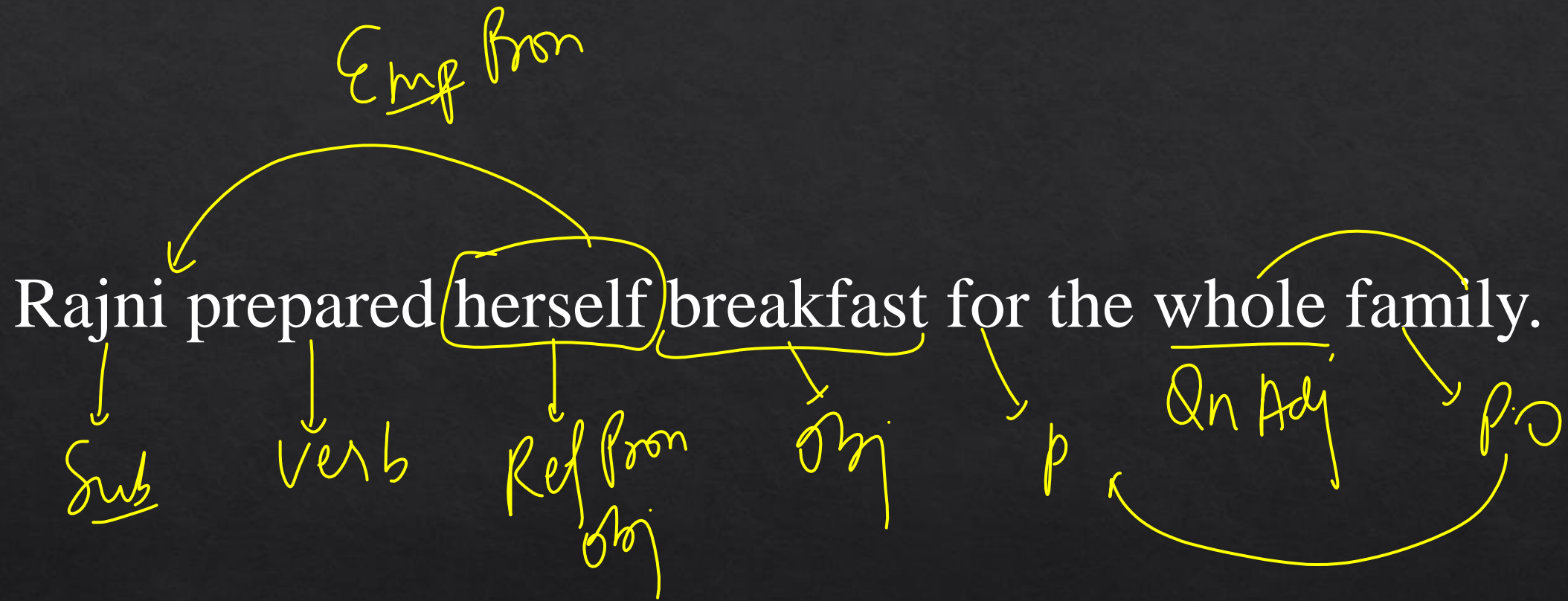
Explanation:- इस sentence में himself को solved के पहले या all the questions के बाद रखना पड़ेगा क्योंकि यहाँ यह emphatic pronoun का function कर रहा है...

So the correct sentence will be:-

Rohan himself solved all the questions.

Or

Rohan solved all the questions himself.



NE

Sonali prepared herself very well for the exam.

↓
Sub

↓
Verb

↓
Ref Pron
Obj

↓
Adv
of M.

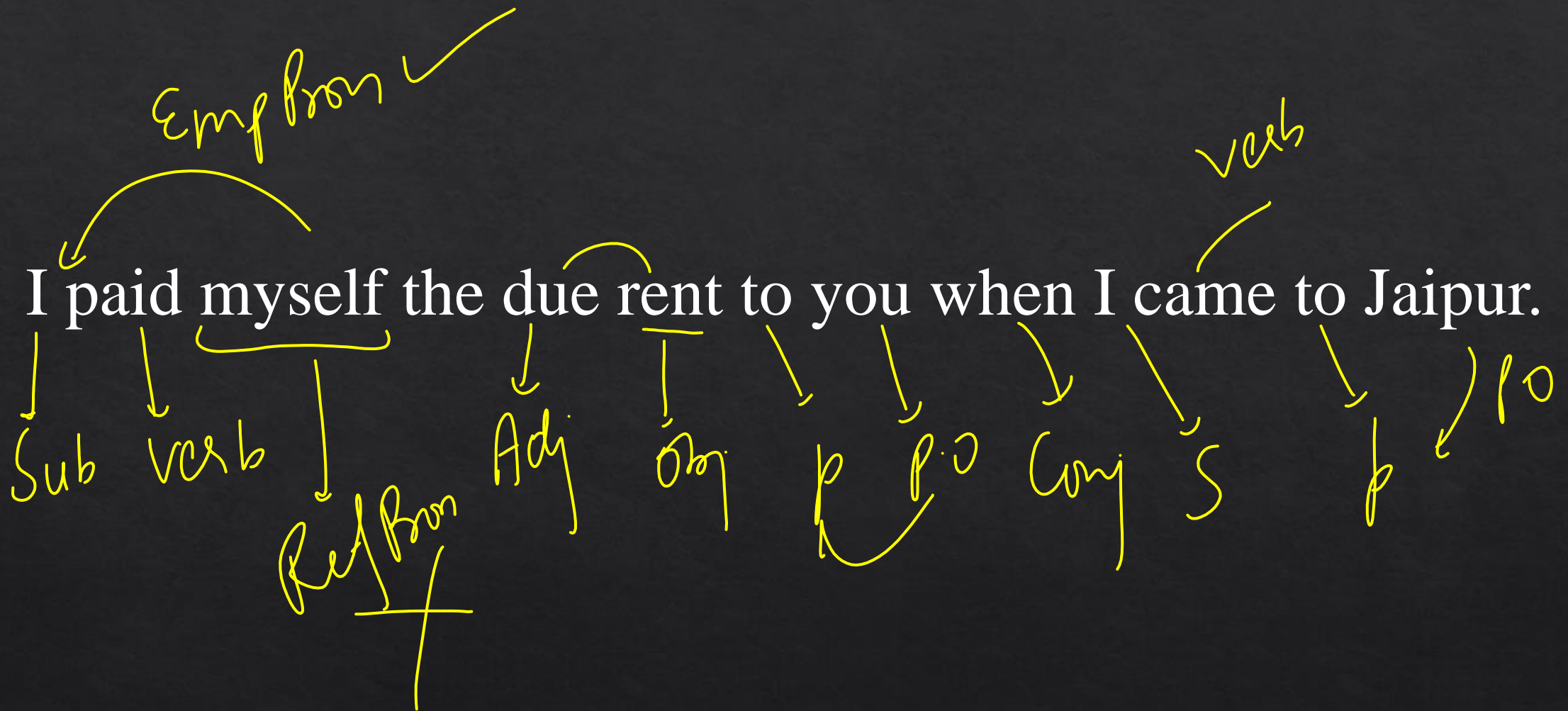
↓
P → P.O

→ Adv of D.

Sonali prepared herself very well for the exam.

Explanation:- यह sentence सही है यहाँ herself reflexive pronoun का function कर रहा है..

Sentence का meaning ये है कि 'सोनाली ने खुद को exam के लिए बहुत अच्छे से तैयार किया था'



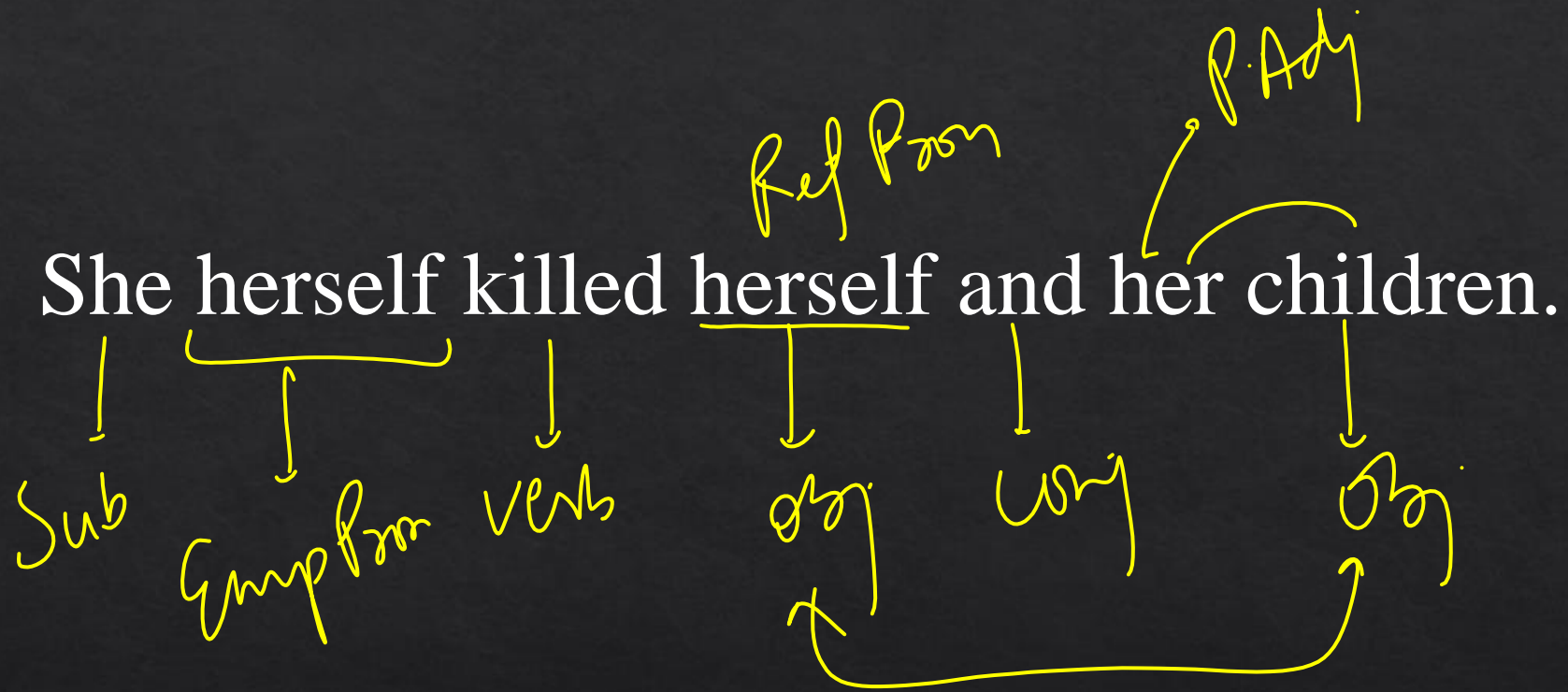
I paid myself the due rent to you when I came jaipur.

Explanation:- इस sentence में myself को paid के पहले रखना पड़ेगा क्योंकि यहाँ यह emphatic pronoun का function कर रहा है...

So the correct sentence will be:-

I myself paid the due rent to you when I came to jaipur.

* Emphatic Pron → Optional //



NE

She herself killed herself and her children.

Explanation:- यह sentence सही है यहाँ herself का reflexive pronoun और emphatic pronoun दोनों के लिए use हुआ है....

Sentence का meaning ये है कि 'उसने खुद ही खुद को और अपने बच्चों को मार दिया'

Distributive Pronoun (Each/Either/Neither)

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{ } \end{array} \right.$$

selection

Each/Either/Neither + of + Noun (plural) + Verb (singular)
+ Pro/Adj (Singular)

Each of the boys ~~has~~ ^{his} brought their pencil.

Sub Prep P.O HV Verb Obj

Dis Pron prep P.O HV Verb Obj

One of my students has/have cracked the exam.
Prsn Sub P P/Ary PU \checkmark HV X mv by

of { selection = one of students
Possession = The wife of Rajesh

one of $N(P) + \underline{\underline{V(S)}}$

Each = 2 or > 2 Neither = 2X Either = 1 out of 2

has
X

Neither of them have completed the assignment.

Sub

↓
p
↓
p.o
↪

↓
HV

↓
verb

↓
obj.

Neither of them have completed the assignment.

Explanation:- इस sentence में have की जगह has होगा क्योंकि neither distributive subject है,

So the correct sentence will be:-

Neither of them has completed the assignment.

neither = 2X

None = > 2X

N Adj - Cardinal

I invited 5 players for interview but neither of them came.

↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓
S V obj p obj conj sub p ps ✓

an

None

I invited 5 players for interview but neither of them came.

Explanation:- इस sentence में neither की जगह none, क्योंकि यहाँ 5 players की बात हो रही है और neither केवल 2 के लिए use किया जाता है,

So the correct sentence will be:-

I invited 5 players for interview but none of them came.

either = 1 out of 2

any \Rightarrow 1 out of > 2

any \rightarrow Card.

I have brought 5 books and you can take either of these.

Sub HV MV Obj. Long Sub

MV MV X

Dem Pro

any
from
Ind. Obj.
p. 2 p. 3

I have brought 5 books and you can take either of these.

Explanation:- इस sentence में either की जगह any होगा , क्योंकि यहाँ 5 books की बात हो रही है और either केवल 2 के लिए use किया जाता है,

So the correct sentence will be:-

I have brought 5 books and you can take any of these.

Both of the guests have not come on time.

Both of the guests have not come on time.

Explanation:- यहाँ Both की जगह Neither का use होगा क्योंकि Both का use कभी भी negative clause में नहीं किया जाता है इसीलिए यहाँ Both की जगह Neither का use होगा उसके according verb 'have' की जगह has आयेगी और not को हटाना पड़ेगा क्योंकि Neither sentence में already negative sense convey करता है एक clause sentence में double negation नहीं हो सकता....

So the correct sentence will be-

Neither of the guests has come on time.

English and Hindi are easy languages but he can't speak both.

English and Hindi are easy languages but he can't speak both.

Explanation:- Both का use negative sentence में नहीं किया जाता
यहाँ both की जगह Neither का use होगा.....

So the correct sentence will be- English and Hindi are easy languages but he can speak neither.