

Infinitive  $\Rightarrow$  (to + V<sub>B</sub>) NOUN

I want to sleep

She likes to dance

He tried to jump over the wall

Infinitive (obj = Noun)  
Inf = Subj      lv      Adj (sc)  
To dance is easy  
Sub(N) (Inf)  
It is easy to dance

अपेक्षा अपेक्षा

Sub verb In Adj obj  
↑ ↑      ↑  
We met some (a)/ students who (b)/ you taught English.(c)/  
ne(d)

whom = obj + conj

Sub verb obj  
↓      ↓      ↓  
Di trans.

## Di-transitive verb:- ✓

1. Indirect object:- Reply of 'to/for/from/whom' from the verb.  
(Human being)

2. Direct object:- Reply of 'what' from the verb. (Generally things )

S      V      IO      → DO (what)  
He gave me a book.

S      V      IO      → DO (what)  
He told her a story.

S V IO DO(What)

Ajay sent him a letter.

S hv mv IO DO(What)

Mohan is teaching us English.

S V IO Qn Adj DO(What)

Mohan lent Sohan some money.

Semiverb

Gerund

Participles

Infinitive

Sub ↑ Verb ↑ (IO) ↑ Inf (N) (DO) + verb  
→ Adv. of Place  
He ordered them to go away.

S ↑ V ↑ (IO) ↑ Direct Inf (Obj) (N) + verb  
→ Adv. of Place.  
He requested us to come here.



Sub V Obj Prep  
↑ ↑ ↑  
Rohan gave a book to her.  
→ stress

S V IO DO  
Rohan gave her a book.

P.Adj Sub V Obj P PO

My mother made a cake for me.

P.Adj S V I.O DO

My mother made me a cake.

stress

We met some (a)/ students who (b)/ you taught English.(c)/  
ne(d)

Whom - I O

S V DO  
Di-teams

We met some students who you taught English.

Explanation:- इस sentence में 2 verbs है और दोनों के subjects and objects आ चुके है अब यहाँ 'who' subjective case की ज़रूरत तो है नहीं अगर who को हटा देते है तो sentence में conjunction नहीं होगा, but यहाँ एक खास बात ये है की 'teach' verb 'Di-transitive verb' ( 2 objects रखने वाली verb ) है, इसका एक 'direct' object 'english' तो आ चुका है but इसका 'indirect object' नहीं मिला है, तो हमें who को whom में change करना पड़ेगा ताकि 'whom' conjunction के साथ – साथ 'teach' verb के indirect object को भी refer कर सके ....

So the correct sentence will be –

We met some students whom you taught English.

- ① ② ③ Int From

**Which:-** Things/animals

He lost the bag who/which he got from his uncle.

*Handwritten annotations:*

- ①: S (Subject)
- ②: V (Verb)
- ③: Obj (Object)
- ④: S (Subject)
- ⑤: V (Verb)
- ⑥: P (Preposition)
- ⑦: P.O (Prepositional Object)
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*Other annotations:*

- Conj + From (Obj)
- P. Adj
- Adj Cl.

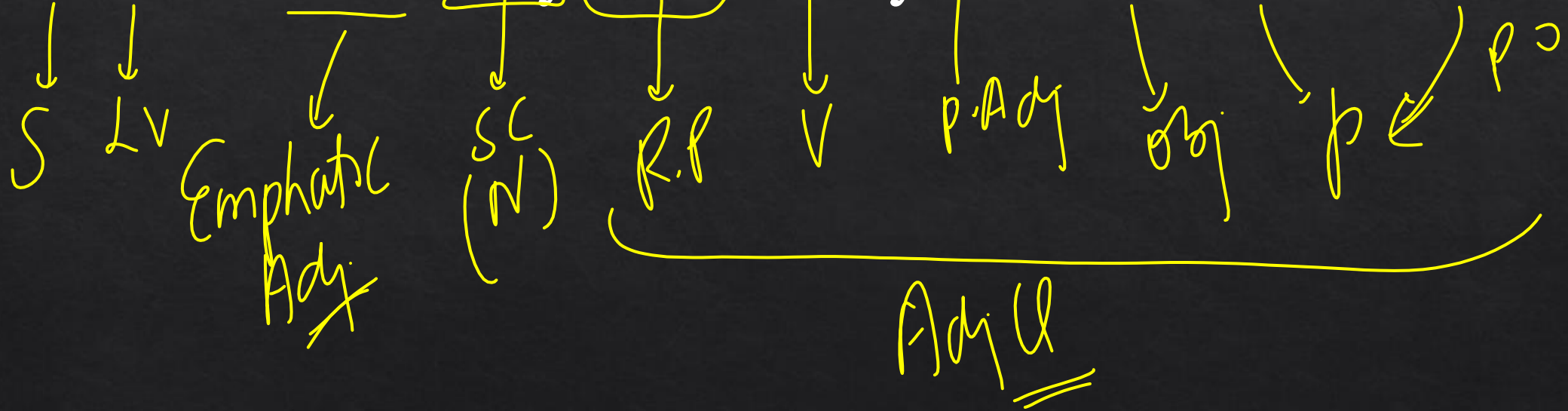
Relative pronoun:- 'that'

Who/Whom - Human Beings  
Which -> Things / Animals  
That -> H.B / Thing / Animals

➤ Use relative pronoun 'that' with these words:-

✓ All/None/Both/Everything/Anything/No/The same/  
The few/The little/The only/The + superlative degree etc

She is the same lady who stole your wallet in the bus.



She is the same lady who stole your wallet in the bus.

Explanation:- इस sentence में who की जगह that का use किया जायेगा क्योंकि 'the same' का use हुआ है

So the correct sentence will be-

She is the same lady that stole your wallet in the bus.

Sub  
↓  
QnAdj  
↓  
σ<sub>ij</sub>  
↓  
that = Bon(σ<sub>ij</sub>) + Long  
S  
↓  
MV  
↓  
PAdj

They stole the little money which he had saved for his

daughter's marriage.

April

# Poss Case of Noun

$$\phi^0(N)$$

They stole the little money which he had saved for his daughter's marriage.

Explanation:-इस sentence में which की जगह that का use किया जायेगा क्योंकि 'the little' का use हुआ है

So the correct sentence will be-

They stole the little money that he had saved for his daughter's marriage.

S LV Q1. Adj (N) SC

Sachin is the best batsman who has ever played on this

ground.

that =  $\text{Pron}(\text{Sub}) + \text{Conj}$   
HV (Adv of I / Adv of E = mv)

Adj

Sachin is the best batsman who has ever played on this ground.

Explanation:-इस sentence में who की जगह that का use किया जायेगा क्योंकि 'the+ superlative degree' का use हुआ है

So the correct sentence will be-

Sachin is the best batsman that has ever played on this ground.

Sub  
P  
The man and the dog

Conj  
P  
which

Sub  
P  
were

Rel Pron  
that = Sub + Conj  
HV MV Obj

Adj

by a truck.

passive  
Int (Obj)

S                      V                      Obj.

Ajay bought a bag.

A bag was bought by Ajay.

S      HV      MV      P ✓

The man and the dog which were crossing the road were hit by a truck.

Explanation:- इस sentence में which की जगह that का use किया जायेगा क्योंकि which का use dog के लिए तो किया जा सकता है लेकिन man के लिए नहीं और who का

use man के लिए किया जा सकता है लेकिन dog के लिए नहीं, इसीलिए हमें which की जगह that का use करना पड़ेगा जो एक साथ दोनों को refer कर सकता है

So the correct sentence will be-

The man and the dog that were crossing the road were hit by a truck.

Who/Whom - H.B      which - Animals / Things.      That - Stress  
H.B + Animal/  
Thing

We saw the same boy ~~who~~  that stole your wallet.



We saw the same boy who/that stole your wallet.

Explanation:- इस sentence में who नहीं आयेगा that आयेगा क्योंकि boy के लिए the same का use हुआ है

I saw a boy   who/that was carrying his shoes on his head.

I saw a boy who/that was carrying his shoes on his head.

Explanation:- यहाँ who आयेगा क्योंकि boy specific नहीं है...

✓ ✓  
We saw the boy who/that won the race yesterday.

⇓  
Competitive Exams

We saw the boy who/that won the race yesterday.

Explanation:- यहाँ who और that दोनों आ सकते हैं

I want the same bag ~~which~~ ✓ that I saw at the mall.

I want the same bag which/that I saw at the mall.

Explanation:- इस sentence में which नहीं आयेगा that आयेगा क्योंकि bag के लिए the same का use हुआ है

I want a bag which/that has 3 compartments.

Handwritten annotations in yellow:

- Two parallel diagonal lines above the word "bag".
- A large 'X' mark above the word "which/that".
- The word "Card" written above the word "has", with two parallel diagonal lines and a curved line underneath it.
- Two vertical lines below the word "a".
- The text "Boon + Conj" written below the word "bag", with "(Sub" written below "Boon".
- An arrow pointing down from the word "has" to the text "mv".
- A horizontal line below the word "compartments", with the text "Oh" written below it.

I want a bag which/that has 3 compartments.

Explanation:- यहाँ that नहीं आयेगा which आयेगा क्योंकि bag specific नहीं है ..

✓ prefer (paper)

I want the bag which/that is made of leather.

Web App X Website Quiz - ~~Mock test~~

I want the bag which/that is made of leather.

Explanation:- यहाँ which और that दोनों आ सकते हैं

Sehwag is one of the batsmen who has /have scored  
more than 8000 runs.

Gold is one of the metals which is/are used in ornaments.

Mercury is only one of the metals that is/are  
liquid at room temperature.

Mercury is only one of the metals that is liquid  
at room temperature.