

SSC GK

PYQs Class Notes

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Lecture: - 11



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Lecture - 11

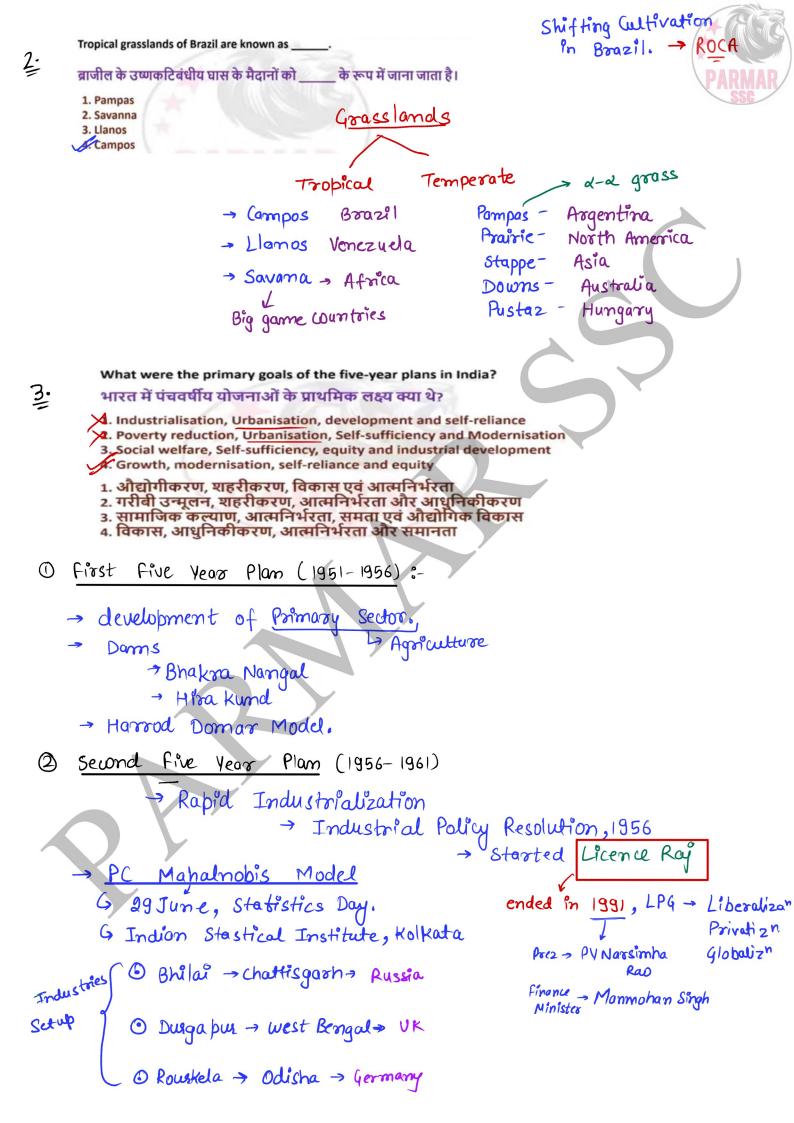


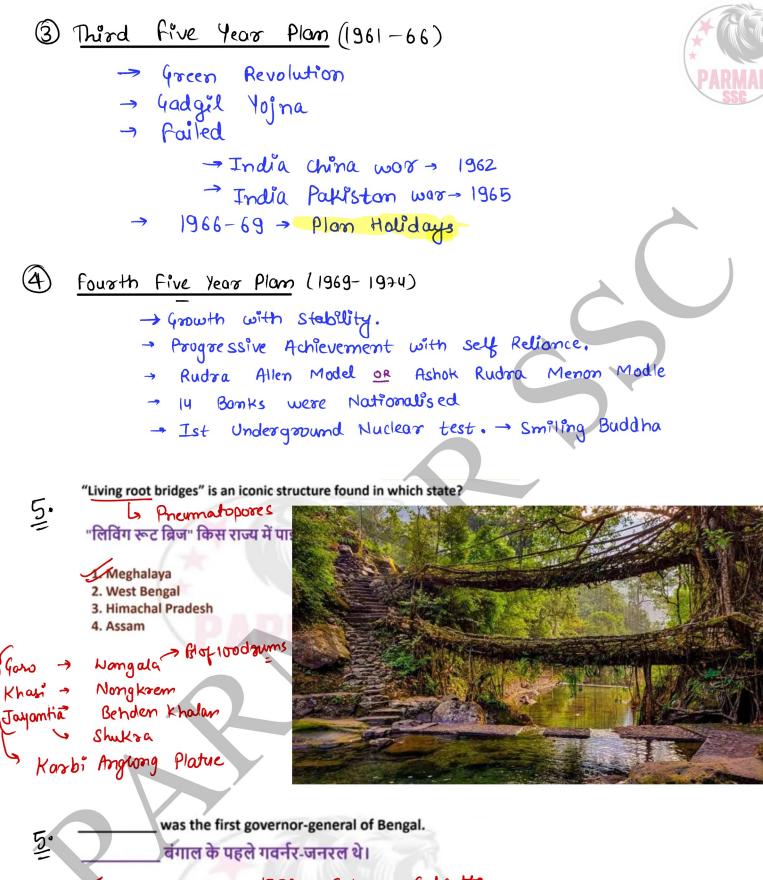
Before the Partition of Bengal in 1905, Bengal was the biggest province of British India. It consisted of parts of which of the following states? 1905 में बंगाल विभाजन से पहले, बंगाल ब्रिटिश भारत का सबसे बड़ा प्रांत था। इसमें निम्नलिखित में से किस राज्य के हिस्से शामिल थे? Bongla Uzdu 1. Uttar Pradesh and Orissa 2. Uttar Pradesh and Bihar Hindu 3 Bihar and Orissa 4. Bihar and Chhattisgarh Present Bangladesh, West Bengal, Bihar and odisa 1906- Muslim league Reasons for partition - Adminstrative Nawab Salimullah - Nerve centre of all Revolts. Announcement Agah Khan > 20 July 1905 16 Oct -1905 1911 - Partition of Bengal was 1906 - Calcutta Session of Congress annuled. Dada Bhai Naoroji King George I Swadeshi Delhi Darbar Boycott National Education Hosted by Hardings Announced Anti Partition Rakin Delhi as the 12 dec Amar Sonar Bangla, [Nation -place of Calcutta of Bangladesh Rabindra Nath Tagore 1913 → Nobel Prize → Ist Indian] Jan Gan Man [National Anthem of India] # Vande Matrom

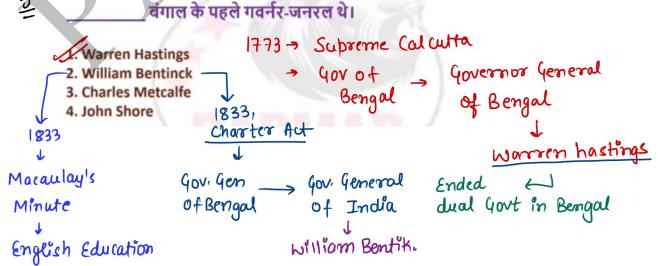
Adopted on → 26 Jan 1950.

National flag > 22 July 1947.

May 1949 - Commonwealth Membership Ratified

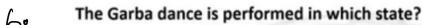


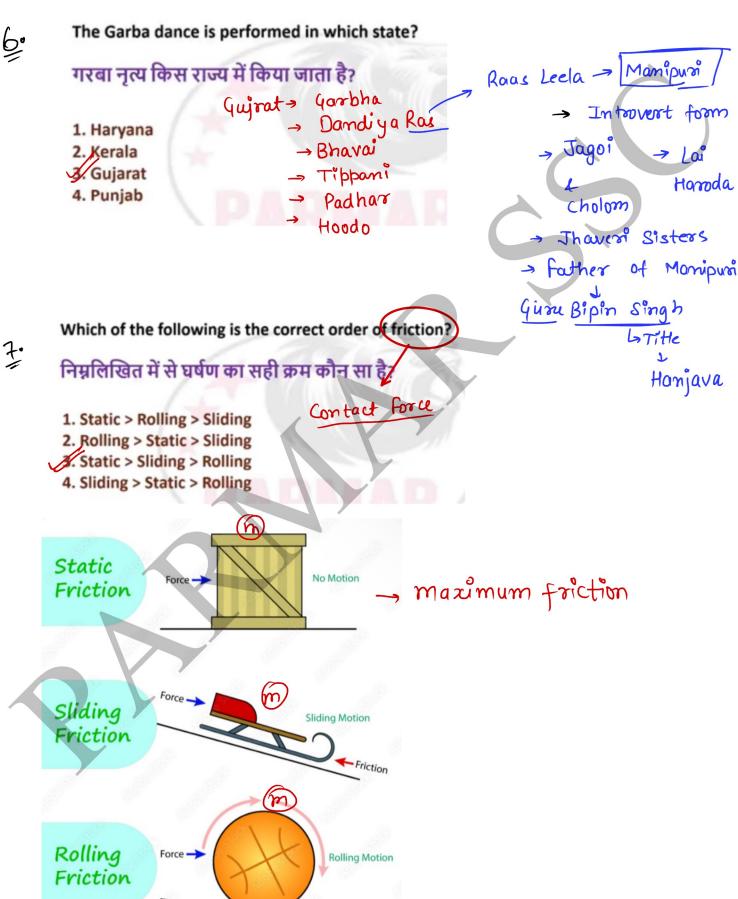




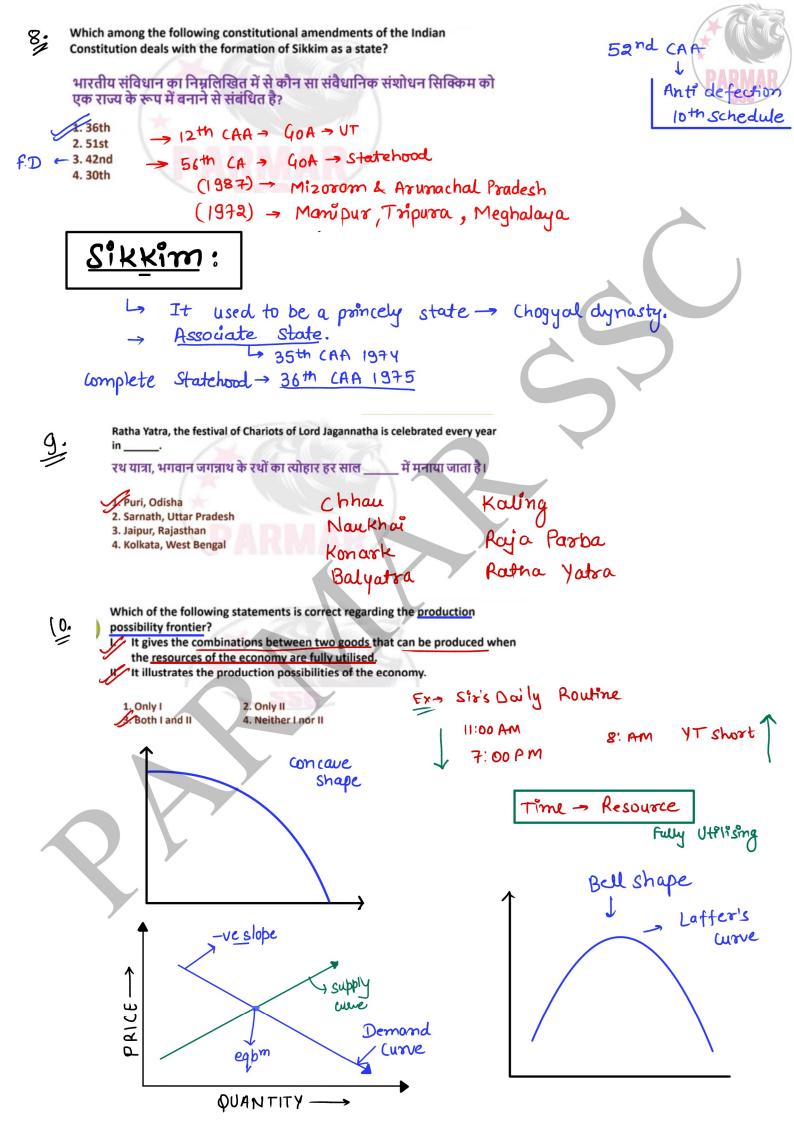
Last Governor General of India - British - Mountbaten Last Governor General of India - Indian - C. Rajgopalachari Charles Metcalfe: liberator of indian Press.







(point of contact

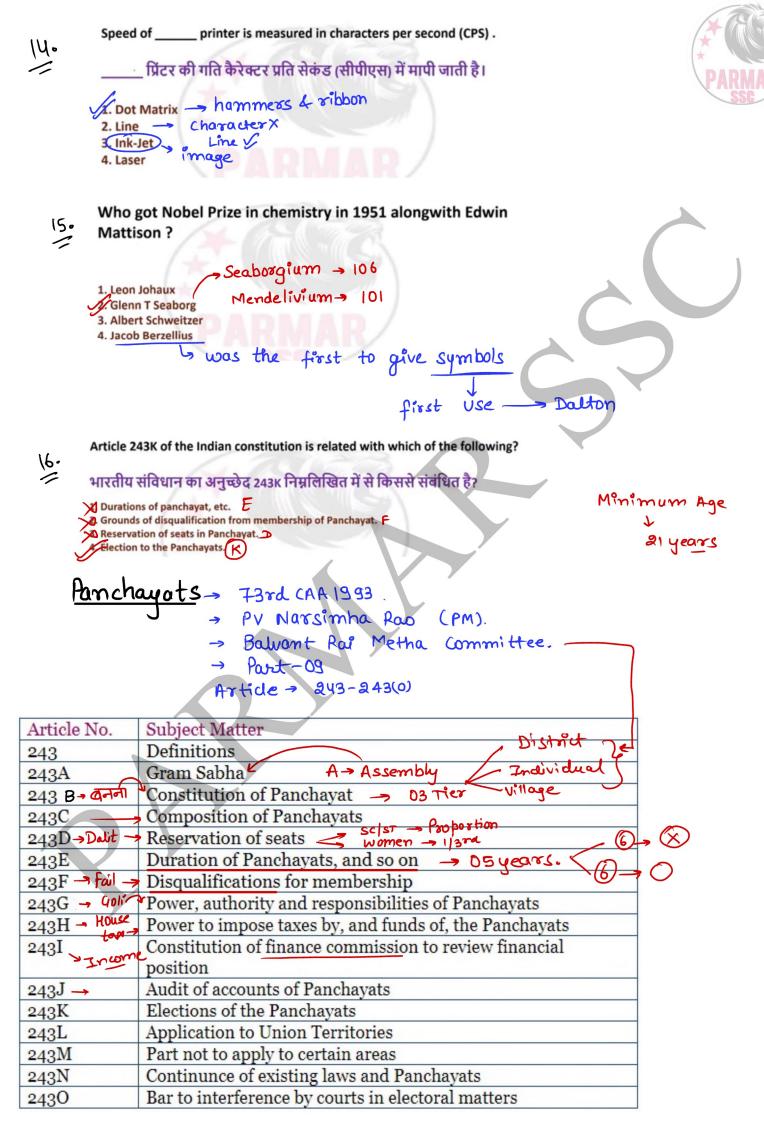


(Britain) (-ve)

Equal protection of laws - (US)

Section → 377 → Labt community

Solvey Johan V/s Union



Article > 280 -> Finance Commission 1 + 64 Chairmen othermember Public Affairs 15th Finance Commission > NK Singh As the river enters the plain it twists and turns forming large bends known जैसे ही नदी मैदान में प्रवेश करती है यह मुड़ती है और बड़े मोड़ बनाती है जिसे के रूप में जाना जाता है। 1. levees - Depositional Land forms 2. ox-bow lake 3. floodplain . meanders Upper course lower wurse Youthful Middle Course evosional Depositional v-shaped Valley formation of Delta googis , meandering canyon (Step like) \/ → River Terraces waterfalls, Rapid, potholes, plunge

Ox bow lake

180

Who is named as the Missile Man of India?

भारत का मिसाइल मैन किसे कहा जाता है?



> Odisha

```
1. Vikram Sarabhai
```

2. C. V. Raman , Autobiography: wings of fire

3. APJ Abdul Kalam

4. Homi Bhabha

wheeler island is now APJ Abdul Kalam Island

Integrated test Range

Missile testing

Books:

- → wings of fire
- → Ignited Minds
- → India 2020

-> Turning points: A Journey through

- My Journey: transforming dreams into Reality

CV Roman :-> Raman Effect → 28 feb → National Science Day

Ly Ist Bharat 2 feb > Wetlands day

Ratha

Ratha

1 terabytes per second = 40 bytes per second

| Byte = 8 bits | Kb = 1024 Byte

1 Mb = 1024 Kb

Which among the following books is written by Amitav Ghosh?

20.

निम्नलिखित में से कौन, सी पुस्तक अमिताव घोष द्वारा लिखी गई है?

- 1. Back to the Roads
- 2.400 Days --- Chetan bhagat

3. Jungle Nama

4. Battlefield - Chetan Bhagat

- → Sea of Polppies
- > The hungry tide
- The shadow line
- -> River of Smoke

Chetan Bhagat

- → 5 point Someone
- -> 3 Mistakes of My life
- -> Half Girl friend
- > 2 states
- → Girl in Room
- One Night at Call Comtre

Immostals of Meluha

Amish Tripathi

Who among the following was a ruler of Shunga dynasty?

21.

निम्नलिखित में से कौन शुंग वंश का शासक था?



> son - Agnimitra

4. Ashoka - Malvika Agnimitra

-> Kumar Sambhavam

→ Abwigyan shakuntlam → Raghuvansa → Meghduta

[Kalidas]

Which city will host the 2028 Summer Olympic Games?

कौन सा शहर 2028 ग्रीष्मकालीन ओलंपिक खेलों की मेजबानी करेगा?

Los Angles

- 2. Paris
- 3. New York
- 4. Munich

No.	Year	Venue	S.No	ye. Ye	var Venue	
	←Com	mon Wealth Games→		+	Summer Olympic Games ->	
	2022	Birmingham, England	1.	2024	Paris, France	
2.	2026	Victoria , Australia	2.	2028	Los Angeles, United States	
	+	-Asian Games→	3.	2032	Brisbane , Australia	
1.	2026	Aichi – Nagoya, Japan	3.	2032	brisbarie , Australia	
2.	2030	Doha, Qatar		A CAN Was Company		
3.	2034	Riyadh , Saudi Arabia	←Summer Paralympic (
	1 4	FIFA World Cup	1.	2024	Paris, France	
1.	2026	Canada , Mexico , United States	2.	2028	Los Angeles, United States	
	7		3.	2032	Brisbane , Australia	
1.	←FIFA 2023	Women's World Cup		1924		
1.			Ist		- Winter Olympic Games→	
	←FIFA	U-20 Men's World Cup	Chamoniki (a	2026	Milan and Cortina, Italy	
1.	2023	Indonesia	1.	2026	Willan and Cortina, Italy	
	←FI	FA U-17 World Cup->			PER AND THE SAME AND THE PER A	
1.	2023	Peru		+	Winter Paralympic Games ->	
•	-ICC Cric	ket World Cup (50 Over)→	1.	2026	Milan and Cortina , Italy	
1.	2023	India , 4th world cup - only India	dia Singapore (Ist)			
2.	2027	South Africa , Zimbabwe, and Namibia				
3.	2031	India and Bangladesh	1.	2026	Dakar, Senegal	
-	← Asian (Cricket Council Asia Cup→		← \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	nter Youth Olympic Games-	
1.	2023	Pakistan /	1.	2024	Gangwon, South Korea	

species are the species which are not found after searches of known or likely areas where they may occur.

प्रजातियाँ वे प्रजातियाँ हैं जो ज्ञात या संभावित क्षेत्रों की खोज के बाद नहीं = 1948 - HQ - Gland, Switzerland पाई जाती हैं जहाँ वे हो सकती हैं।

Extinct

- 2. Endangered
- 3. Normal
- 4. Vulnerable

IVON - Red List International Union for Conservation of Nature



gy.

Which of these books is written by Shashi Tharoor?

इनमें से कौन सी किताब शशि थरूर द्वारा लिखी गई है?

- 1. A State of Freedom
- Why I am Hindu
- 3. Autumn
- 4. Songs of a Coward

- An Era of Darkness
- -> Paradoxical PM
- > The Great Indian Novel.
- Ambedkar: A life.



Which among the following is NOT a component of Lion Capital at Sarnath, India?

निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा सारनाथ, भारत में लायन कैपिटल का घटक नहीं है?

- . Carved cow representing South direction
- 2. Figures of 4 lions
- 3. Dharma Chakras
- 4. Lotus base bell
- The Lion Capital at Sarnath, India, does not include a carved cow representing the South direction.
- The Lion Capital at Sarnath, India, is a famous ancient monument that holds significant historical and cultural value.
- It is also known as the Ashoka Pillar because it was originally erected by the Mauryan Emperor Ashoka in the 3rd century BCE.
- The pillar is made of polished sandstone and stands at a height of approximately 12.5 meters.
- The Lion Capital is comprised of several components, each of which contributes to its overall symbolism and autistic beauty.
- · Here is a detailed explanation of the components:
- Figures of 4 lions: The most prominent feature of the Lion Capital is the set of four magnificent lions placed back to back.
- Dharma Chakras: At the top of the abacus, between each pair of lions, there are four Dharma Chakras or Wheel of Law.
- Lotus base: The abacus on which the lions are seated is supported by a lotus base.
- Bell-shaped inverted lotus: Below the lotus base, there is a bell-shaped inverted lotus. This inverted lotus acts as a decorative element and adds to the overall visual appeal of the Lion Capital.